



Cloths
et value!

50c Huck
Towels 39c

OULD BUY
RAILWAY.

Western Pacific
a Bargain.

Plan is Formulated
State to Take Over
the System.

Million Dollars Price
Paid by the Present
Owners.

tion South Suggested.
General Election May
be Called.

Pillow Cases, 15c
as a part of our great special
of bed muslins—a value
size, 16c.

\$1.50
es. \$1.50
—Just see these handsome
nickel-plated casseroles
you will instantly realize
much underworth they are
\$1.50 each. They have
brown fireproof earthenware
ers, with white porcelain
frames in new design and
very prettily.

seven hundred

Tumblers, 5c
much lower than usual
upper will discount their
price.

—Bazaar—Today
Bazaar—Today

and Bags at \$2.95
as a special purchase of
that are exceptional and
bags that are well worth
\$2.95.

—Main Floor—Today

THE WORLD'S NEWS
IN TODAY'S TIMES.

SEARCHED, CLASSED AND INDEXED.

For Front Events of Yesterday: (1) Arrival of the

Prinz Friedrich at Newport News. (2) Mexico. (3)

Attitude to the Sinking by the Germans of an

Merchant Ship. (4) Opposition to the Johnson

Unload the Western Pacific Railway on the

California. (5) The Steady Advance of American

The Thaw Trial in New York. (7) The Expo-

San Francisco and San Diego.

INDEX

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

1. The German Scout Cruiser.

2. The Pacific Slope.

3. The Atlantic.

4. The Pacific.

5. The Pacific.

6. The Pacific.

7. The Pacific.

8. The Pacific.

9. The Pacific.

10. The Pacific.

11. The Pacific.

12. The Pacific.

13. The Pacific.

14. The Pacific.

15. The Pacific.

16. The Pacific.

17. The Pacific.

18. The Pacific.

19. The Pacific.

20. The Pacific.

21. The Pacific.

22. The Pacific.

23. The Pacific.

24. The Pacific.

25. The Pacific.

26. The Pacific.

27. The Pacific.

28. The Pacific.

29. The Pacific.

30. The Pacific.

31. The Pacific.

32. The Pacific.

33. The Pacific.

34. The Pacific.

35. The Pacific.

36. The Pacific.

37. The Pacific.

38. The Pacific.

39. The Pacific.

40. The Pacific.

41. The Pacific.

42. The Pacific.

43. The Pacific.

44. The Pacific.

45. The Pacific.

46. The Pacific.

47. The Pacific.

48. The Pacific.

49. The Pacific.

50. The Pacific.

51. The Pacific.

52. The Pacific.

53. The Pacific.

54. The Pacific.

55. The Pacific.

56. The Pacific.

57. The Pacific.

58. The Pacific.

59. The Pacific.

60. The Pacific.

61. The Pacific.

62. The Pacific.

63. The Pacific.

64. The Pacific.

65. The Pacific.

66. The Pacific.

67. The Pacific.

68. The Pacific.

69. The Pacific.

70. The Pacific.

71. The Pacific.

72. The Pacific.

73. The Pacific.

74. The Pacific.

75. The Pacific.

76. The Pacific.

77. The Pacific.

78. The Pacific.

79. The Pacific.

80. The Pacific.

81. The Pacific.

82. The Pacific.

83. The Pacific.

84. The Pacific.

85. The Pacific.

86. The Pacific.

87. The Pacific.

88. The Pacific.

89. The Pacific.

90. The Pacific.

91. The Pacific.

92. The Pacific.

93. The Pacific.

94. The Pacific.

95. The Pacific.

96. The Pacific.

97. The Pacific.

98. The Pacific.

99. The Pacific.

100. The Pacific.

101. The Pacific.

102. The Pacific.

103. The Pacific.

104. The Pacific.

105. The Pacific.

106. The Pacific.

107. The Pacific.

108. The Pacific.

109. The Pacific.

110. The Pacific.

111. The Pacific.

112. The Pacific.

113. The Pacific.

114. The Pacific.

115. The Pacific.

116. The Pacific.

117. The Pacific.

118. The Pacific.

119. The Pacific.

120. The Pacific.

121. The Pacific.

122. The Pacific.

123. The Pacific.

124. The Pacific.

125. The Pacific.

126. The Pacific.

127. The Pacific.

128. The Pacific.

129. The Pacific.

130. The Pacific.

131. The Pacific.

132. The Pacific.

133. The Pacific.

134. The Pacific.

135. The Pacific.

136. The Pacific.

137. The Pacific.

138. The Pacific.

139. The Pacific.

140. The Pacific.

141. The Pacific.

142. The Pacific.

143. The Pacific.

144. The Pacific.

145. The Pacific.

146. The Pacific.

147. The Pacific.

148. The Pacific.

149. The Pacific.

150. The Pacific.

151. The Pacific.

152. The Pacific.

153. The Pacific.

154. The Pacific.

155. The Pacific.

156. The Pacific.

157. The Pacific.

158. The Pacific.

GERMAN SCOUT CRUISER LIKELY TO BE INTERNED.

Auxiliary Warship at Newport News Sank American Sailing Ship.

Prinz Eitel Friedrich After Thirty-thousand-mile Voyage Gives up from Exhaustion, Having Destroyed Three British, Three French and One Russian Vessel in the Pacific and Elsewhere.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

NEWPORT NEWS (Va.) March 10.—The German auxiliary cruiser

Prinz Eitel Friedrich, after a commerce-destroying cruise over Pacific and Atlantic oceans, which culminated in the sinking of an American sailing ship in the South Atlantic January 28, made this port today and anchored for supplies and repairs. She brought with her rescued crews and passengers of American, British, French and Russian ships, and lay at anchor tonight in a state of mechanical exhaustion from the strain of a 30,000-mile voyage.

The cruiser began her scouting for ships of enemies of the Fatherland at Tsing-tau, China, last November, under Commander Thierichens, who admitted today the sinking of eight merchant ships, three British, three French, one Russian and one American.

The sinking of the American ship, the William P. Frye, a sailing vessel bound from Seattle to Queenstown with 5,200 tons of wheat, most concerned American port officials.

CAPT. KIEHNE'S STORY.

H. H. Kiehne of Baltimore, master of the American ship, after leaving the Eitel Friedrich with Customs Collector Hamilton today, told a dramatic story of his experiences. With him were his wife and two children. "Despite my protestations that I was the American master of an American ship, the German cruiser Eitel Friedrich would intern me," he said. "On the morning of January 28, blowing a big hole through her vitals with a charge of dynamite," said Capt. Kiehne.

"I was almost becalmed when the German ship appeared about 10 o'clock in the afternoon of January 28. My ship was barely moving, and I paid no attention to the first order from the Dutchman to lay to. However, she bore down on me and I brought my ship to a standstill. The officer left me to my fate, telling me that I carried a cargo of wheat. The German captain told me that it was contraband and he intended to destroy it. I protested, but no attention was paid to my statements."

"A German officer and a squad of men were sent aboard the bark, and I and my crew were set to work throwing the grain overboard. The German sighted another vessel, also becalmed, and made for her. He returned about 10 o'clock at night, having sent the other ship to the bottom, as I afterward learned."

"Evidently the grain was not being thrown overboard fast enough to suit the German skipper, for he sent me a half a hundred men ashore afterward, and the work went on for hours without interruption. However, it was slow at best, and I was informed about 2 o'clock next morning that my ship would be sent to the bottom, which did."

"It was originally the intention of the German captain to leave enough of the cargo in the hold of the ship for ballast. That part of the grain was to be rendered useless by salt water, so salt water was poured over it, and the probable action that would be taken, said these matters were under consideration, but as they involved international questions, the State Department would pass upon them."

The Prinz Eitel Friedrich for months was a regular liner of the North German Lloyd line. The German marine authorities at Tsing-tau equipped her with naval guns and turned her into an auxiliary cruiser.

"For some time before making this port, the German ship molested no ships of any kind and always avoided them, not wishing to give the English cruisers any wind of their intentions. She proceeded slowly up the coast, and when she seemed very close, however, we eluded them and made this port in safety."

An officer on the German cruiser stated that a black hulk was seen in the darkness about the time the wireless apparatus on board the Eitel informed us that there were four English warships in our immediate vicinity, one of which seemed very close. However, we eluded them and made this port in safety."

Capt. Kiehne, asked about other matters, said:

The Eitel captured three ships on the Kaiser's birthday, the day on which the American bark was overhauled."

OWNED BY SEWALL CO.

The William P. Frye of Bath, Me., was owned by the Arthur Sewall Co. When overhauled by the German cruiser ship was bound from Seattle to Queenstown with a cargo of wheat for orders. The skipper's wife said today she and the children were frightened when overtaken by the German cruiser, but that her fears were allayed when she went aboard the cruiser, the officers and men making every effort to give them all possible comfort.

As soon as the Eitel Friedrich had anchored here, Collector Hamilton and aides entered the ship and first-class passengers from the French passenger steamer Florida, together with the captain of the eight destroyed vessels, were brought to Newport News. With them were several officers of the German vessel, among them the chief paymaster, August Louiseau.

The final order the paymaster took to the ship tonight from Collector Hamilton was the instruction to the commander in port for repairs to such an extent as to make her seaworthy unless she interned. The German paymaster also carried word that American officers would make full inquiry of Commander Thierichens tomorrow of his sinking of the American sailing vessel.

STORY OF PAYMASTER.

Asked why the Eitel Friedrich left the Pacific, Paymaster Louiseau said: "Because we found little to do. We were after merchantmen and for days we cruised about and saw nothing. When we reached the South Atlantic we had better luck. There were surprises not to find British ships in the Atlantic. It is true we heard British wireless talking and we were glad of that, but we still sought out ships to sink, but no news. There was no considerable from British wireless but the trouble was, it was all from the English side."

The German officers expressed sur-

LIST OF VESSELS SUNK BY PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

NEWPORT NEWS, March 10.—The list of vessels sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, with the number of persons removed from each, as announced by Customs Collector Hamilton today, is:

British sailing ship Inverco, W. J. King, master; crew, 23. Owner, Inver line of Aberdeen, Scotland. Sunk February 12.

British steamship Mary Adair Short, A. E. Dobbins, master; crew, 23. Owner, James Westoll of Sunderland, Eng. Sunk February 18.

French steamship Floride; Monsion, master; crew, 75; passengers, 86. Owners, Companie Generale Trans-Atlantique. Sunk February 19.

British steamship Willerby, J. Wedgewood, master; crew, 27. Owners, Ropner & Co. of West Hartlepool. Sunk February 20.

Russian sailing ship Isabel Browne, Axmar Erickson, master; crew, 13. Owner, Tronberg, Finland. Sunk January 27.

French sailing ship Pierre Loti, Transchiant, master; crew, 24. Society Neuville Darament of Nantes, France, owners. Sunk January 27.

American sailing ship William P. Frye, H. H. Kiehne, master; crew, 21. Owner, Arthur Sewall & Co. of Bath, Me. Sunk January 28. Cargo of wheat from Seattle, Wash., to Queenstown, Eng. For orders, declared to be contraband by German cruiser.

French sailing ship Jacobson, V. Le Reux, master; crew, 23. So. ciety Lee Voiles, Dunkerque, France. Sunk January 28.

American Ship Sunk.

(Continued from First Page.)

prise that any of the cruiser's crew had reached shore and disclaimed all knowledge of the battles of Chile and the Falkland Islands.

"We were alone," he said, "and we worked for five days."

"We did no fighting," the officer continued, "but we sank every merchantman we could find. Of course we should have attacked any other merchant vessel of our class, but we had no armor plate, and so we avoided warships."

"We are awaiting Admiralty orders," was the paymaster's response to the suggestion that he might not return to the United States.

"They are coming by the way of the Washington embassy."

The sinking of the Frye was re-

garded by the officer as all in a day's work. "She took the chance," he said, "that she was carrying contraband to the enemy."

The captain of the French steamer Florida, who was aboard the Eitel, has telephoned the Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique for passage to New York for his family.

They expect to be transported to their respective South American destinations.

Not a single piece of baggage was lost when the Florida was

scuttled.

The Eitel had on board more than

500 persons, 342 of the crew and passengers of destroyed vessels in addition to her own crew of about 200.

LIKELY TO INTERN.

Collector Hamilton said tonight it was obvious that the Prinz Eitel Friedrich would intern here.

Commander Thierichens told the collector he had no idea of leaving port within twenty-four hours; that he was unable to leave under six weeks would be impossible.

He said under these conditions, the vessel would be interned unless permission could be had to remain here until repairs were made.

English vessels carried horses for the armies of the allies at first听说 he would not depart at once, they put to sea.

Collector Hamilton will examine into the details of the sinking of the Frye, which occurred in the South Atlantic near the River Plate.

The inquiry began tonight when a statement was taken from the master of the Frye.

The collector will examine the statement of the Eitel to give a detailed account of the sinking of the Frye and his reasons therefor.

The collector has requested the commander not to use his name.

He will be interned, he said.

The members of the crew of the Frye remained on the Eitel Friedrich to-night and will be brought ashore and examined by the collector tomorrow.

The collector will give a detailed account of the Eitel to give a detailed account of the sinking of the Frye and his reasons therefor.

Secretary Daniels, with reference to the contents of the ship and the probable action that would be taken, said these matters were under consideration, but as they involved international questions, the State Department would pass upon them.

SECRETARY DANIELS.

The Navy Department issued tonight the following statement based on a report of Secretary Daniels by Rear Admiral Beatty, commandant of the Naval navy yard:

"Captain Prinz Eitel Friedrich, German,"

"The crew came from the Kaiserin Luise.

"The captain said that the merchant captain is on board now. On examination made at sea, the chief engineer thinks it will take about two or three days to repair the damage. The ship says he thinks much longer time will be necessary and says the ship must be docked and repairs made to propeller and rudder and the auxiliary machinery. The boilers are in good condition. He thinks the ship will have to be repaired. Repairs cannot be made in time to be allowed to proceed. He estimates 1500 tons of coal the smallest amount needed to take him to a German port. The ship is very foul. All auxiliaries are running at full speed."

"The ship will be interned here until repairs are made."

"The crew of the Frye remained on the Eitel Friedrich to-night and will be brought ashore and examined by the collector tomorrow.

"The collector will give a detailed account of the Eitel to give a detailed account of the sinking of the Frye and his reasons therefor.

The collector has requested the commander not to use his name.

He will be interned, he said.

The members of the crew of the Frye remained on the Eitel Friedrich to-night and will be brought ashore and examined by the collector tomorrow.

The collector will give a detailed account of the Eitel to give a detailed account of the sinking of the Frye and his reasons therefor.

Secretary Daniels, with reference to the contents of the ship and the probable action that would be taken, said these matters were under consideration, but as they involved international questions, the State Department would pass upon them.

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

PROHIBITION ON IMPORTATION
FROM NEUTRAL COUNTRIES
IS REMOVED.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KINGDOM
TO ADMIT SUGAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

UNITED KING

FIGHT INVADERS VILLA'S THREE ADMIRALS ARE DESIGNATED

Would Unite All Mexican
Case of Intervention
Given High Rank.

Declares Report Untrue
Would Lead Alien down

Washington Without
of Obregon's Movements
Soon to be Selected.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)
EL PASO (Tex.) March 10.—Under
a new rating the grade of admiral
in the United States Navy, was
declared that in the event of
a foreign invasion to make
Carranza forces, he and all other
Mexican would unite against
the United States. He denied recent
American newspaper which
said that he would unite against
the United States. He said that
he would not oppose any
Carranza forces, he and all other
Mexican would unite against
the United States.

Admiral Fletcher
Carranza, commanders-in
chief of the Atlantic
and Asiatic fleets.

Admiral Daniels at once
cabled to Fletcher, now with the
Admiral in which he was named as
Admiral for today and thus become
the new admiral. Admiral Howard
was to hoist his flag tomorrow.
Admiral Cowles, in Asiatic
commander of such a move.

HIS MESSAGE

There is nothing more
and about that such as an
Admiral as a rank unique in
the world, that of admiral
in the navy," said Secretary
of State. "The only other
ways have insisted that all
should, unfortunately, among
the admiral grades ever
made in 1870 and D. D.
the selection of the
Admiral and the chief
of the number of
vaders until I would say
country in the possession of
one. All of us would
against the common enemy.

NO WORD OF OBREGON

No word regarding the
Obregon evacuation or the
captain of Mexico City
up to noon today from
headquarters. Officials said
that the report was expected to
that the report was forward
the Washington report
that the forces had entered
the city had not been able to
the command of the
Mexican forces because of the
city was an admiral or vice-admiral.
City received today, was
Monday last said that they
exit by railroad from the
in October, 1911, and
the command of the
September, 1914. The
Mexican who has been trying
relatives in the United States

Voucher.

CALLS OBREGON
SQUARE MEXICO

CHARACTER CERTIFICATE
NOW BEING DRAWN

BERMEN.

Declaration that the General
in Good Faith in His Effect
Relieve Suffering as the
will Soon Be Forwarded to
Washington.

BY MEXICAN CABLE AND A. P.
VERA CRUZ, March 10.—Word
supplies or otherwise acted
calculated to complicate the
the substance of a statement
made by J. P. Paine, the
National Railways, for
Douglas, Gen. Carranza's
attorney, who has now
understood that this statement
included in one which is
delivered to the State Department.

Pan asserted that Gen.
was idolized by the people
City and the demands
aroused protest were due
to the government and
position of wealthy residents
with the object of
Obregon and the
cause into disrepute.

Pan is preparing a statement
of the quantity of food
which has been shipped
to the State Department.
Pan, together with what
was to be given, began
to prove untrue charges
Pan has deliberately
driven the people of the
operation, using hunger as
a weapon.

DEFEATED.

Assembly Turns Down the
Cardinal Told
ABOUT MEDICAL
Electoral.

BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)
NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—The
dinal Gibbons was given a
report on conditions in Mexico
the Catholic church. He
known today, when he received
in conference with
bishop Monroy del Rio, the
church in New Orleans, to
Vera Cruz. The cardinal
the conference, the
archbishop reported all
had been imprisoned and
against Gibbons and
in correspondences with
son and Secretary Brans
situation.

McMORRICK'S JOB.

Representative Made Chair
of Committee on Public Utili
Transportation.

BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)
FIELD (Ill.) March 10.—
former Medill McCormick of
the Progressive national
legislature, who allied himself
with the beginning
of the legislature, was assigned today
the Utilities and Transportation
committee. The bill important
for women to eight per
cent now has a ten-hour law
passed.

IMPROVE SLOWLY.

ment today in regard to the
can relief. It was decided to
further information from
the physicians of William
before taking final steps.

The advisability of moving
other American countries
Argentina, Brazil and Chile,
the United States, in the
United States was suggested.

HOWES SERIOUSLY ILL.

Chamberlain's Cough
REMOVED (Maz.) March 10.
a common, everyday complaint.
It is a merriment that the
man, publisher, is seriously ill
and following a cerebral
attack.

STEAM SCHOONER DAMAGED BY FIRE.

LUMBER CARRIER WASHINGTON
IS GUTTED AT HER DOCK
IN EUREKA.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)
EUREKA, March 10.—A fire which
broke out late today in the engine
room of the steam schooner Wash
ington gutted the engine room, cabin
and officers' quarters. The owners
were unable to estimate the damage.
The vessel will be towed to San Fran
cisco for repairs.

The ship was loading lumber for
San Francisco at the Little River
dock. First Assistant Engineer John
Nation, who was in charge of the
engine room when the fire started, was
seriously burned about the right arm.

The flames quickly routed the men
before they could start the steam
pumps, and they were forced to fall
the fire with hand pumps and buckets
until the arrival of two tugs and the
ferryboat. The latter pumped water
into the Washington for four
hours before extinguishing the flames.

The after structure was left stand
ing but will have to be replaced.

RAILROAD SURVEY MADE FOR ALASKA.

GOVERNMENT IS NOW CONSID
ERING WHICH WAY TO RUN
THE NEW LINE.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE)

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Secretary
Lane submitted to President Wilson
today the report of the Alaskan
Engineering Commission on its surveys
of various routes for the govern
ment's proposed trans-Alaska railroad.
The surveyors, however, recommended
this spring to the interior of Alaska.

Secretary Lane said negotiations
were under way with the owners of
the Copper River and Northwestern
and the Alaska Northern railroads
to determine whether the government
should buy one of them for a link in
the new line.

THE KAISER NEEDS
PLEA OF WILSON.

Three and One-Half Per Cent. Fixed
for Thirty-day Maturities, 4 Per
Cent. for Sixty.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)
WASHINGTON, March 10.—The
Federal reserve board announced
tonight rates of 3 1/2 per cent. on thirty
day maturities, and 4 per cent. on
sixty-day maturities, for commercial
paper rediscouned at the Federal
reserve bank with another. All ap
plications for such rediscouncts must
be filed with the reserve board and
they will be apportioned among the
reserve banks. No such applications
have been made so far.

RESERVE BOARD RATES.

Three and One-Half Per Cent. Fixed
for Thirty-day Maturities, 4 Per
Cent. for Sixty.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The
British collier Beethoven, bound from
Newcastle for Gibraltar, has been
sunk either by a torpedo or a
mine. Two of the crew are said to
have been drowned. The others were
saved.

BRITISH COLLIER SUNK BY A MINE.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

LONDON, March 11.—A wireless
dispatch from Berlin says a report
has been received from Rotterdam
that the British collier Beethoven,
bound from Newcastle for Gibraltar,
has been sunk either by a torpedo or a
mine. Two of the crew are said to
have been drowned. The others were
saved.

RESCUE BOARD RATES.

Three and One-Half Per Cent. Fixed
for Thirty-day Maturities, 4 Per
Cent. for Sixty.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The
Federal reserve board announced
tonight rates of 3 1/2 per cent. on thirty
day maturities, and 4 per cent. on
sixty-day maturities, for commercial
paper rediscouned at the Federal
reserve bank with another. All ap
plications for such rediscouncts must
be filed with the reserve board and
they will be apportioned among the
reserve banks. No such applications
have been made so far.

ROMANCE.

M'CORMICK WEDS
FAIR DIVORCEE.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

VIENNA (via London), March 10,
11:10 p.m.—The following official
statement was issued by the War Office
tonight:

"In Russian Poland vigorous fight
continues.

"In Western Galicia our troops
have captured still more ground and
in storming one trench
more than 200 prisoners were taken.

"Sighting conditions being more
favorable yesterday, our artillery had
an evident success in some sections
of the front, which has been occupied
to our front, which has been occupied
by the enemy, was evacuated by him,
owing to the flanking fire of our
artillery. The enemy sustained severe
losses. At one position on this front we
captured 300 prisoners and much war
material.

"Calm prevails in Southeast Galicia.
North of Nadworne an attack by an
inferior Russian force was repulsed;
at other points on the front, however,
other Russian forces advanced and
were repelled, and in the pursuit
190 men were captured.

"Nothing has happened in Bok
winia recently. On the northern bank
of the Pruth, near Czernowitza, only
skirmishes have occurred."

BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH]

CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE
TIMES, March 10.—Robert R. McCormick
and Mrs. Annie Adams, both of
Chicago, were married today in the
registry of St. George's Church, Hanover
Square, London, according to a
cablegram received by friends of the
couple in Chicago.

The bride is the divorced wife of
Edward S. Adams of Chicago. Mr.
Adams made no defense to his wife's
suit, but some months later began
proceedings to set aside the verdict,
alleging that his wife had lied
and that her misrepresentation had been
allowed to let the case go by default.

Other litigation came in the wake
of the divorce proceedings. A petition
in bankruptcy against Mr. Adams was
filed by his wife. Mr. McCormick
admitted that the former broker was
indebted to him in large sum of money.
Mr. Adams also brought a suit against
Mr. McCormick, claiming \$100,000
damages for alienating Mrs. Adams's
affection.

According to the cablegram, Mrs.
Mallard Kirkland acted as best man
at the wedding, and the bride was
attended by her sister, Mrs. Arthur
Smith, and son, Arthur.

Mr. McCormick, who is one of the
editors and publishers of the Chicago
Tribune, went abroad as war corre
spondent of his paper.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

GEN. CARRANZA EXCUSES
CHAOS AT MEXICO CITY.

(BY MEXICAN CABLE AND A. P.)

VERA CRUZ, March 10.—The
following is the text of Gen. Carranza's
reply to the note of the
Secretary of State delivered by
United States Consul Silliman:

"Although the terms in which this
note is worded would afford me cause
for not answering, it is my wish, not
withstanding, that my silence be not
construed as a justification of charges
contained in the same. I have tried
to put aside for the moment references
which are made to my personal
responsibility, and, looking only for
the good of my country and for the
benefit of the cause which the Mexican
people have entrusted to me, I thought
it might do my duty to answer at once.

"On the other hand, in view of
the State Department at Washington
directed the attention of American
residents in Mexico City to the
fact that the Mexican government
had prevented the distribution of
supplies or otherwise acted
calculated to complicate the
the substance of a statement
made by J. P. Paine, the
National Railways, for
Douglas, Gen. Carranza's
attorney, who has now
understood that this statement
included in one which is
delivered to the State Department.

Pan asserted that Gen.
was idolized by the people
City and the demands
aroused protest were due
to the government and
position of wealthy residents
with the object of
Obregon and the
cause into disrepute.

Pan is preparing a statement
of the quantity of food
which has been shipped
to the State Department.
Pan, together with what
was to be given, began
to prove untrue charges
Pan has deliberately
driven the people of the
operation, using hunger as
a weapon.

DEFEATED.

Assembly Turns Down the
Cardinal Told
ABOUT MEDICAL
Electoral.

BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—The
dinal Gibbons was given a
report on conditions in Mexico
the Catholic church. He
known today, when he received
in conference with
bishop Monroy del Rio, the
church in New Orleans, to
Vera Cruz. The cardinal
the conference, the
archbishop reported all
had been imprisoned and
against Gibbons and
in correspondences with
son and Secretary Brans
situation.

McMORRICK'S JOB.

Representative Made Chair
of Committee on Public Utili
Transportation.

BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)

FIELD (Ill.) March 10.—
former Medill McCormick of
the Progressive national
legislature, who allied himself
with the beginning
of the legislature, was assigned today
the Utilities and Transportation
committee. The bill important
for women to eight per
cent now has a ten-hour law
passed.

IMPROVE SLOWLY.

ment today in regard to the
can relief. It was decided to
further information from
the physicians of William
before taking final steps.

The advisability of moving
other American countries
Argentina, Brazil and Chile,
the United States, in the
United States was suggested.

HOWES SERIOUSLY ILL.

Chamberlain's Cough
REMOVED (Maz.) March 10.
a common, everyday complaint.
It is a merriment that the
man, publisher, is seriously ill
and following a cerebral
attack.

PIEDRAS NEGRAS IS EVACUATED.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE)
WASHINGTON, March 10.—The
State Department today gave out this
statement:

"Piedras Negras was evacuated
March 8 by the Carranza garrison.
Only a small guard was left to police
the town until the forces of Villa
arrived. The Carranza forces had
been permitted to the Mexican
and officers' quarters. The owners
were unable to estimate the damage.
The commanding officer of
the United States troops at Eagle Pass
had been permitted to the Mexican
and the American side. The
Carranza forces had given full assurances
to the American Consul that no
property will be destroyed and that
order will be maintained by the
forces of the Villa garrison."

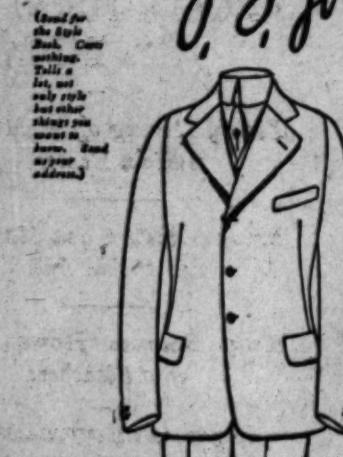
"Piedras Negras was evacuated
March 8 by the Carranza garrison.
Only a small guard was left to police
the town until the forces of Villa
arrived. The Carranza forces had
been permitted to the Mexican
and officers' quarters. The owners
were unable to estimate the damage.
The commanding officer of
the United States troops at Eagle Pass
had been permitted to the Mexican
and the American side. The
Carranza forces had given full assurances
to the American Consul that no
property will be destroyed and that
order will be maintained by the
forces of the Villa garrison."

"Piedras Negras was evacuated
March 8 by the Carranza garrison.
Only a small guard was left to police
the town until the forces of Villa
arrived. The Carranza forces had
been permitted to the Mexican
and officers' quarters. The owners
were unable to estimate the damage.
The commanding officer of
the United States troops at Eagle Pass
had been permitted to the Mexican
and the American side. The
Carranza forces had given full assurances
to the American Consul that no
property will be destroyed and that
order will be maintained by the
forces of the Villa garrison."

"Piedras Negras was evacuated
March 8 by the Carranza garrison.
Only a small guard was left to police
the town until the forces of Villa
arrived. The Carranza forces had
been permitted to the Mexican
and officers' quarters. The owners
were unable to estimate the damage.
The commanding officer of
the United States troops at Eagle Pass
had been permitted to the Mexican
and the American side. The
Carranza forces had given full assurances
to the American Consul that no
property will be destroyed and that
order will be maintained by the
forces of the Villa garrison."

—for Young Men

J. J. Silverwood



Model 55—the 1915 (by Mrs. Schaefer and Sons)

MORE young men throughout the country, in college life and business activities, will wear this model than will accept any other this season.

There is a summery smart ripple to its body clinging lines, a snap you call character in the way it sets to you—a dignity and correct style that is not "long-haired."

A three-button (2 to button) semi-form-fitting sack coat. Wide blunt lapels to its soft rolling front. Regular pockets. Center vent in back. Natural padless shoulders.

The vest is collarless—a five-buttoner and athletic shoulders.

Straight hanging trousers narrow.

Hats \$5 to \$15 | Clothes \$15 to \$40 | Shirts \$1 to \$20

LIMES TWO KINDS

Sweet and sour—each unique and both beneficial. Judicious use of our Limes have relieved many acute sufferers of rheumatism, while the Sweet Limes served as a salad or in a cocktail is simply superb. Delightfully aromatic. Especially fine.

Tel. Main 520 | 408 W. 7th Ludwig-Matthews Co.

W. S. Kirk
U. S. ARMY SALE
125 South Spring St.

PLATINA
New sights—Mining Activity—Lots selling
Buildings going up.
Reliable Information at
BAKE INVESTMENT CO.
425 Consolidated Hotel Bldg.

Speakers and Singers

and Brown's Bronchial Troches a boon for
those who are subject to colds, chills, &
other bronchial troubles. If you have a cold, get a box
from your druggist today and enjoy a couple
of nights sleep. In 10c, 50c and 1.00
packages.

Rhoades & Rhoades
REAL ESTATE, LIVE STOCK,
AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.
Guaranteed estimates on household
furniture or bought outright for cash.
Salesrooms—1561-3-5 S. Main. Both
phones—Main 1269; House 25672.

THOS. B. CLARK
General Auctioneer and
Importer of Antique Furniture.
\$40 SOUTH HILL STREET
F1907, Broadway 1921.

AUCTION
Now at Our New Store,
1053-5 MAIN ST., AT 11TH ST.
Bidders are invited to meet every Friday
and Thursday afternoons. Fine
and choice general goods.
Consignments collected.
REED & HAMMOND.

AUCTION
Retiring from business.
Feder & Co.
Jewelers and Silversmiths.
549 So. Broadway.

AUCTION
J. J. SUGARMAN,
Auction and Commission House,
General Auctioneer.
Furniture, Merchandise, Pictures, Office and
Silverware. Between Spring and Main.
Main 5114 | 5248

AUCTION
THURSDAY (Today) 10 A.M.
1053-55 South Main.
Beautiful Furnishings removed to Our
Salesrooms for immediate sale. Must
go. REED & HAMMOND, Auction.

AUCTION
Today at 10 A.M.
At 1224 East Seventh.
Gent's Furnishings, Notions.
J. J. Sugarman, Auctioneer.

AUCTION
Today at 11 o'clock Sharp
2 Beautiful Bungalows
2326-2408 West Blvd.
Tomorrow, Fri., 9:30 a.m. (furniture).
917 New Hampshire St.
STROUSE & HULL, Auctioneers.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE
AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How To Open Clogged Nose
and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments.
Your cold in head or catarrh will be
gone. Your clogged nostrils will open.
The air passages of your head will be
clear and you can breathe freely. No
more dullness, headache; no hawking,
sniffling, mucous discharges or dry-
ness; no struggling for breath at
night.

Tell your druggist you want a small
bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a
little of this fragrant, antiseptic
cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate
through every air passage of the
head; soothe and heal the swollen,
inflamed mucous membrane, and re-
lief comes instantly.

It is just what every cold and
catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay
stuffed-up and miserable.

WOMEN APPEAR AS OLD
AS THEIR HAIR

It is astonishing to see how much
good-looking hair does toward pro-
ducing a youthful appearance. It is
astonishing also to realize how much
the attractiveness of the hair is af-
fected by the care we give it, es-
pecially in the matter of cleansing. In
washing the hair it is not advisable
to use a makeshift, but always use
a preparation made for shampooing.
You can enjoy the best that is
known for about three cents a shampo-
o by getting a package of can-
throx from your druggist; dissolve
a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water
and wash the hair. Dandruff, excess oil
and dirt are dissolved and entirely
disappear. Your hair will be so
soft that it will look much heavier
than it is. Its lustre and softness
will also delight you, while the stim-
ulated scalp gains the health which
insures hair growth.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
515 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free Sample of
Pyramid File Remedy, in plain wrapper.

Name _____

Street _____

City _____ State _____

Chronic Indigestion

Dyspepsia, Intestinal Catarrh,
and all Stomach Ailments, successfully treated with the
celebrated European Stomach Remedy

STOMALIX

It is a natural and
rational stomachative, restoring
the digestive functions to their nor-
mal power and health.

For Adult and Child.
E. FOUGERA & CO., Inc., 50 Beckman Street, N.Y.

Oriental Rugs

MIHRAN & CO.
812 South Broadway

Specializes on personal fit-
tings of latest models at..... \$5
307 Title Guarantee Bldg.

MOTORISTS! Send for Free Lubrication Instruction Chart

Containing specific directions
for your own make of car.

MAIL THIS COUPON:

Name _____
Address _____
Make of car _____
Address Mgr. Standard Oil Company, 1727 San Fernando St.,
Los Angeles.

Sacramento.

SENATOR WOLFE ANSWERS CRITICS

Tells Legislature His Side of
the Grant Contest.

Assembly Does Even Less at
the Morning Session.

One Bill Introduced to Aid
California Industry.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, March 10.—A brief calendar of bills ready for final consideration was disposed of by the Senate today in half an hour, and from 11 a.m. until after 4 o'clock this afternoon the Senate was occupied with a tense interchange of speeches before a crowded chamber of listeners following the rise of Senator Wolfe of San Francisco to a question of personal privilege.

Notice that he would invoke the right of personal privilege was given by Wolfe before the legislative recess shortly after the Senate had given him the seat contested by former Senator E. B. Grant. Wolfe arose and declared that he had been made throughout the State upon his name and honor because he had opposed Grant and was elected in his place.

TWO BILLS APPEAR.

Two bills appeared today, the first

since the recess, each member having

the right to present two. One by Senator Owens provides that no one shall be no more than a char-
acter upon the number of apprentices
to any trade or upon the choice of
trades by apprentices.

The bill is to correct an existing

evil and is proposed after the New Jersey.

Senator Scott put in a bill requiring
that all windows nine feet or more
above the ground must open horizontally
or revolve so that they can be
cleaned from the interior, unless an
exception is made for a window which
would ensure full safety to any
window washer working on the exterior.

It was announced that the Legisla-
ture would make excursions on
Tuesday and Sunday to the flooded
districts of the Sacramento Valley to
study flood control and reclamation
problems at first hand.

BILL PASSED.

One bill was passed this morning, a
measure by Breed of Oakland, paving
the way for separation of the dead
and blind inmates of the California
and for the dead and blind at the
Bakersfield and Stockton, who

spoke for the bill, declared that it
was difficult to assimilate the dead
and dumb with the blind and that

and dumb with the blind and that

the bill would impose additional expense.

A contest over legislation con-
cerning cemetery removal in San Francisco
which focused one of the sharp fights
of the 1913 session was revived to-
night in a public hearing before the
Senate Judiciary Committee. On one
side of the question of the removal of
bodies, and on the other those who
said that the time had come when the
dead must give way to the living. Rep-
resentatives of one of the largest ceme-
teries said that a bill introduced by
Senators Scott and Strohman, who
spoke for the bill, declared that it
was difficult to assimilate the dead
and dumb with the blind and that

the bill would impose additional expense.

THE OIL BILL.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The Independent Oil Producers' Agency of California decided today to endorse Assembly bills Nos. 942 and 943, which declare that business under the oil franchise is to be conducted in a manner which would be detrimental to the oil companies.

Both bills were introduced by Senator

McDonald, author of the cement container

bill, who said that the bill would

protect him from the oil companies.

The bill, because of the heavy addi-

tional cost of the oil companies, would

be voted upon by the Legislature.

THE CEMETERY BILL.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, March 10.—The Independent Oil Producers' Agency of California decided today to endorse Assembly bills Nos. 942 and 943, which declare that business under the oil franchise is to be conducted in a manner which would be detrimental to the oil companies.

Both bills were introduced by Senator

McDonald, author of the cement container

bill, who said that the bill would

protect him from the oil companies.

The bill, because of the heavy addi-

tional cost of the oil companies, would

be voted upon by the Legislature.

THE CEMETERY BILL.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, March 10.—The Independent Oil Producers' Agency of California decided today to endorse Assembly bills Nos. 942 and 943, which declare that business under the oil franchise is to be conducted in a manner which would be detrimental to the oil companies.

Both bills were introduced by Senator

McDonald, author of the cement container

bill, who said that the bill would

protect him from the oil companies.

The bill, because of the heavy addi-

tional cost of the oil companies, would

be voted upon by the Legislature.

THE CEMETERY BILL.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, March 10.—The Independent Oil Producers' Agency of California decided today to endorse Assembly bills Nos. 942 and 943, which declare that business under the oil franchise is to be conducted in a manner which would be detrimental to the oil companies.

Both bills were introduced by Senator

McDonald, author of the cement container

bill, who said that the bill would

protect him from the oil companies.

The bill, because of the heavy addi-

tional cost of the oil companies, would

be voted upon by the Legislature.

THE CEMETERY BILL.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, March 10.—The Independent Oil Producers' Agency of California decided today to endorse Assembly bills Nos. 942 and 943, which declare that business under the oil franchise is to be conducted in a manner which would be detrimental to the oil companies.

Both bills were introduced by Senator

McDonald, author of the cement container

bill, who said that the bill would

protect him from the oil companies.

The bill, because of the heavy addi-

tional cost of the oil companies, would

be voted upon by the Legislature.

THE CEMETERY BILL.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, March 10.—The Independent Oil Producers' Agency of California decided today to endorse Assembly bills Nos. 942 and 943, which declare that business under the oil franchise is to be conducted in a manner which would be detrimental to the oil companies.

Both bills were introduced by Senator

McDonald, author of the cement container

bill, who said that the bill would

protect him from the oil companies.

The bill, because of the heavy addi-

tional cost of the oil companies, would

be voted upon by the Legislature.

THE CEMETERY BILL.

(By A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

Mr. T. Wad Didn't Know the L. A. Railway Had a Candidate for Queen!

By Gale.



HENDRICKS FIGURED IN FIRING OF THE GIANTS.

Was One of Seventeen Men Released in One Batch. Tells Interesting Story of Freedman's Regime in New York—Canned Brodie in Middle of Night—Easterners Strong for Powers.

BY HARRY A. WILLIAMS.

THE HENDRICKS, the able manager of the Indianapolis club, enjoys the distinction of having signed the biggest batch of releases made by a major league ball club.

It is a reminiscent frame of memory. Hendricks recalled that in the unique history of the New York Giants under the ownership of Andrew Freedman.

Freedman was a peculiar magnate. For accumulating a pile of money in power politics, he bought the four men, the same as children in a toy. Freedman released the New York ball club as a regular rag doll, and he allowed the right to thumb it when the stuffing out of it and over the arm of a chair, when speaking.

He woke up with a sour taste in his mouth just cause for would take it out on his ball team is more than enough, and he vented his spleen on his men and managers.

One of regular baseball men in New York was one of the most spectaculars in the history of the National League. Freedman was a man of the world, but did not care for sports and was indifferent. His refusal to be bound by the principles of sound business was a tidy sum.

He was able to absorb the ball team is more than enough, and he vented his spleen on his men and managers.

One of regular baseball men in New York was one of the most spectaculars in the history of the National League. Freedman was a man of the world, but did not care for sports and was indifferent. His refusal to be bound by the principles of sound business was a tidy sum.

When Powers was fired, he was lost whose no athletes fired, or managers. The men were varied and expensive.

McGraw moved from Baltimore American League to the Nationals. McGraw went.

There was nothing half as good as the Baltimore club, and nothing else connected with except, possibly the

followed this move by an amateur body. By an

he did retain Mattie Powers, the one surviving member of the club. This made McGraw sure, and he con-

tinued to add a new name to his repertoire and worked.

Fogel, as the storm rums, as evidence that Mattie's men, and probably would

carry out his threat to play

in the first half of the year. It was sufficient for him to make the important conclusion that he would make a better first

than the second.

Not only does Scott have an exceptionally clever team to bases, but he is a master bluffer in this department of the game. Sometimes he makes this bluff two or three times before throwing, and then shoot the ball over for fair. At other times he will beopped up and put in position to make the ball.

In one game last season but six men reached first base on him. He picked up three of these.

Not only does Scott have an exceptionally clever team to bases, but he is a master bluffer in this department of the game. Sometimes he makes this bluff two or three times before throwing, and then shoot the ball over for fair. At other times he will beopped up and put in position to make the ball.

Jim Scott, the great pitcher of the Chicago White Sox, probably has the best move to first and second of any player in the American League.

He is a thorough sportsman, and understands the game. To interest a man of his standing and means in baseball here is a big thing for the league.

Comiskey delivered a fervent answer to these remarks.

When Powers finds himself in need of players he doesn't have a whole lot of trouble getting them from the American League. Just paste that in your Paris panel.

Jim Scott, the great pitcher of the Chicago White Sox, probably has the best move to first and second of any player in the American League.

They are beginning to whisper that Scott sometimes walks the batter just for the fun of catching him off guard.

In one game last season but six men reached first base on him. He picked up three of these.

Not only does Scott have an exceptionally clever team to bases, but he is a master bluffer in this department of the game. Sometimes he makes this bluff two or three times before throwing, and then shoot the ball over for fair. At other times he will beopped up and put in position to make the ball.

Not only does Scott have an exceptionally clever team to bases, but he is a master bluffer in this department of the game. Sometimes he makes this bluff two or three times before throwing, and then shoot the ball over for fair. At other times he will beopped up and put in position to make the ball.

Scott points out a peculiar feature of pitching which probably is not known to the lady or gent who views the game from the grand stand.

"Paradoxical as it may seem, the best hitters are the run the easiest victim of a slow ball—one that comes up to the plate looking as big as a dirigible. On the other hand, a batter who hits about .005 is liable to flat out. The same is true of the pitcher. As far as I remember, I never change of pace entirely for the dangerous batters. They are set for a hard blow and the chances that they will miss a slow one are sufficient to lead me to believe that in favor of the pitcher."

In the first match of the morning session Mrs. Walter Ellis of Hollywood defeated Miss Frances Beveridge of the Marlborough school after an exciting and brilliantly-contested three-set match, 5-2, 2-5, 2-5. At the start of this match it appeared as though Mrs. Ellis would have an easy time in taking it in straight sets. The Hollywood star took the first easy enough, 6-2. Then with a fresh, bewilderment service and some exceedingly difficult placement shots that have made her the star of the Marlborough tennis players, Miss Beveridge surprised the gallery by defeating Mrs. Ellis in the second engagement, 6-3, winning the third set, 6-3. Mrs. Ellis took the fourth.

In another first-round match in the ladies' singles, which were the only events staged at either hotel, Miss Martha Martin, a guest of the Maryland, who won her to the semifinal in the Huntington and Maryland tennis tournament last year, disposed of Mrs. Martin in two straight sets, 6-3, 6-4. Miss Charles has improved her play over that of last year.

In the final match of the day, which just now was over, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. W. M. Henry, whose excellent showing in the recent Virginia midwinter tournament at Long Beach was one of the sensations of that meet, had a comparatively easy time in disposing of Mrs. Beveridge, 6-2, 6-2.

An exhibition match which should draw one of the largest tennis galleries of the season will be staged Saturday on the Maryland courts when Miss Mary Brown and Claude Wayne and Miss Florence Sutton and Nat Brown play.

Schedule of play, men's singles, men's handicap singles, men's doubles:

At 9 a.m.—Barker vs. Dierck; Riddell; Powers vs. Barker; Eric Barker vs. Snow; Jack Charles (45 30) vs. Hornidge (scratch).

At 10 a.m.—Dixon vs. Donley; Maco vs. Dickey; P. T. Martin (45 30) vs. Harnett (45 30).

At 11 a.m.—Harnett vs. Ferguson; George vs. Dierck; Brackett and H. Barker; Donley (15) vs. Dierck (15); Cornett (45 15) vs. Riddell (15).

At 1 p.m.—Adams and Hornidge vs. Riddell; Ferguson vs. Harnett; Maco vs. Dickey; Eric Barker vs. Donley; Taylor; Warren vs. Hornidge; and Taylor; Warren vs. Hornidge.

At 2 p.m.—Dierck (15) vs. C. Kinney (15); Hawke (45 15) vs. Morrow (15); Bryner vs. Peterson; Liestokow vs. Brackett; Ferguson and partner vs. C. Kinney; Maco vs. Dickey; and Taylor; Warren vs. Hornidge.

At 3 p.m.—Clover and Peterson vs. Gordon for the Mercury team.

SOX TO EAT MAIER STEAK FEED.

The Chicago club will tonight be the guests of Ed R. Maier at a steak feed. Each spring he entertains the Sox in this manner, and the players have come to regard these occasions as one of the things connected with their sojourn on the Coast.

Mr. Maier is the capital of the baseball world with us, as all know, the innumerable Coast League and Indianapolis clubs, not to mention the famous commanding figures.

ANGEL PITCHING STAFF MUST BE STRENGTHENED.

IT is too early to get a definite line on the Angels. But there is one point that seems to be fairly plain, and that is that the pitching staff will have to be strengthened.

Dillon recently was quoted as saying that he would stand pat on his present staff—Ryan, Hughes, Love, Cheek and Perritt and one younger, probably Horstman. He probably thought he was kidding somebody.

The present staff will not do. At least one more man must be added, a strong, dependable, experienced pitcher, who can work two full games a week, and win a big percentage of them. Ryan, Hughes and Love are the only ones who have shown anything thus far. Perritt and Cheek are good men and may show later. If they do, all the better, but in the meantime the club should fortify itself with another pitcher to guard against any possible failure of some of those now on the staff. Horstman is touted as a youngster with a world of stuff. This probably is true, but how long will it be before he learns to use it? He is touted as a second Elmke. He may be. Again he may not.

President Powers has been promised a pitcher from the White Sox. There is every reason to believe that he will avail himself of the opportunity.

Rain, Rain, go Away.

RAIN CUTS TENNIS SHORT.

MRS. ELLIS HAS DIFFICULT JOB.

Mrs. Henry has no trouble winning from Mrs. Bourne, but Rain Comes Near. Catching Both of Them—Miss Martha Charles Defeats Mrs. Martin.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

PASADENA, March 10.—Rain interfered with play here today in the tennis matches scheduled for both the Huntington and Maryland courts, cutting short the first day's session of the second annual event of its kind held under the auspices of the Huntington Club.

But three matches had been completed, when, just as the first of the afternoon matches were in progress, a crackling short but effective cloudburst sent the court artists scurrying for shelter.

Following the heavy thunder shower, both the sunken courts at the Huntington and Maryland, resembled swimming tanks more than tennis courts. The committee in charge of the meet, however, barring no further interference on the part of the erratic elements, promises that the courts will beopped up and put in condition to tomorrow.

In the best match of the morning session Mrs. Walter Ellis of Hollywood defeated Miss Frances Beveridge of the Marlborough school after an exciting and brilliantly-contested three-set match, 5-2, 2-5, 2-5. At the start of this match it appeared as though Mrs. Ellis would have an easy time in taking it in straight sets. The Hollywood star took the first easy enough, 6-2. Then with a fresh, bewilderment service and some exceedingly difficult placement shots that have made her the star of the Marlborough tennis players, Miss Beveridge surprised the gallery by defeating Mrs. Ellis in the second engagement, 6-3, winning the third set, 6-3. Mrs. Ellis took the fourth.

In another first-round match in the ladies' singles, which were the only events staged at either hotel, Miss Martha Martin, a guest of the Maryland, who won her to the semifinal in the Huntington and Maryland tennis tournament last year, disposed of Mrs. Martin in two straight sets, 6-3, 6-4. Miss Charles has improved her play over that of last year.

In the final match of the day, which just now was over, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. W. M. Henry, whose excellent showing in the recent Virginia midwinter tournament at Long Beach was one of the sensations of that meet, had a comparatively easy time in disposing of Mrs. Beveridge, 6-2, 6-2.

An exhibition match which should draw one of the largest tennis galleries of the season will be staged Saturday on the Maryland courts when Miss Mary Brown and Claude Wayne and Miss Florence Sutton and Nat Brown play.

Schedule of play, men's singles, men's handicap singles, men's doubles:

At 9 a.m.—Barker vs. Dierck; Riddell; Powers vs. Barker; Eric Barker vs. Snow; Jack Charles (45 30) vs. Hornidge (scratch).

At 10 a.m.—Dixon vs. Donley; Maco vs. Dickey; P. T. Martin (45 30) vs. Harnett (45 30).

At 11 a.m.—Harnett vs. Ferguson; George vs. Dierck; Brackett and H. Barker; Donley (15) vs. Dierck (15); Cornett (45 15) vs. Riddell (15).

At 1 p.m.—Adams and Hornidge vs. Riddell; Ferguson vs. Harnett; Maco vs. Dickey; Eric Barker vs. Donley; Taylor; Warren vs. Hornidge; and Taylor; Warren vs. Hornidge.

At 2 p.m.—Dierck (15) vs. C. Kinney (15); Hawke (45 15) vs. Morrow (15); Bryner vs. Peterson; Liestokow vs. Brackett; Ferguson and partner vs. C. Kinney; Maco vs. Dickey; and Taylor; Warren vs. Hornidge.

At 3 p.m.—Clover and Peterson vs. Gordon for the Mercury team.

CHINESE TEAM BEATS STANFORD.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, March 10.—The Chinese team of the University of California defeated the Stanford nine today, 10 to 7. Scores:

Hawaii, 10; hits, 12; errors, 2.

Stanford, 7; hits, 4; errors, 6.

Batteries—Ako and Mark; Hoefer and Landers.

SOX TO EAT MAIER STEAK FEED.

The Chicago club will tonight be the guests of Ed R. Maier at a steak feed. Each spring he entertains the Sox in this manner, and the players have come to regard these occasions as one of the things connected with their sojourn on the Coast.

Mr. Maier is the capital of the baseball world with us, as all know, the innumerable Coast League and Indianapolis clubs, not to mention the famous commanding figures.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINING CAMPS.

M'CREDIE LINING UP 1915 DUCKS.

INFIELD ALMOST CERTAIN, AND OUTFIELD IS HOLD-OVER TRIO.

(BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

FRESNO, March 10.—Training of the Portland Beavers has been in progress one week today, and Mc'Credie has begun to get a fair line on the men on whom he is placing his hopes for 1915. Those players he has signed early in the season are beginning to show the effects of their training, and Mc'Credie has ordered all his boarders to get down to business.

Derrick is certain of first base. There is not a shadow of doubt but that Stump will be used on second base, while Bobby Cetlin is practically assured of a permanent position at short. At third, it appears Bobby Darr is a certainty.

Spears and Doane are certain of their positions in the outfield, as they showed up well last year.

The question of catchers is not settled.

Fisher will be the one to replace

Mc'Credie, Charles and Stannard.

At 4 p.m.—Ferguson (15) vs. Mc'Credie (15); Eric Barker (15) vs. Murphy (15); Wrigley (15) vs. Riddle (15); Winn (15) vs. Taylor (15 15); winner Hornidge-Charles vs. Stannard (15).

At 5 p.m.—Herd vs. winner Bryner-Peterson; Ritchie and Stannard vs. Bryner and partner.

At 6:30 p.m.—Cornett and Hawks vs. Maco and Herd.

Schedule of play, women's singles to be played at Hotel Maryland.

At 11 a.m.—Miss Martha Charles vs. Miss Dickey.

At 2 p.m.—Miss Strook vs. winner Miss Grier.

At 4 p.m.—Miss Muller vs. winner Miss Eisenmeyer-Miss Grier.

All men contestants will report to the committee at the Hotel Huntington.

MARSHALL SOLD TO DES MOINES.

FIRST BASEMAN HESTOR IS LOANED TO PHOENIX TEAM.

(BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

SAN JOSE, March 10.—First Baseman Hester of the Salt Lake club, Tennant's rival for the regular berth, was turned over to the Phoenix (Arls.) club of a new league in process of organization today by Manager Blankenship. Salt Lake will

THE CITY
AND ENVIRONS.

EVENTS BRIEFLY TOLD.

Annual W.T.C.U. Meeting.

The Los Angeles Central W.T.C.U. will hold its annual meeting for the election of officers and the hearing of the superintendent's report in the Temperance Temple, at 1 p.m., tomorrow.

Lecture to be Heard.

Rabbi Isidor Myers will repeat his lecture on "Judaism Unveiled" at the First Unitarian Church, Sunday afternoon, March 14, at 2 o'clock. Rev. E. Stanton Hodgin, pastor of the church, will preside and vocal solois will be rendered.

Before Men's Brotherhood.

Councilman Wheeler, member of the Men's Brotherhood, will address at the First Methodist Church this evening on "What the Brotherhood Should Mean to the Man on the Street." Dinner served at 6:30 p.m. John Topper, president of the Brotherhood, will preside.

Congregational Party.

Congressman Kettner and party, including Senator McCumber of North Dakota, will be met at San Bernardino at noon today by George Fitch and Frank H. True of the Entertainment Committee of the Chamber of Commerce and entertained on the proposed automobile trip from San Bernardino to Santa Ana by way of this city. Lectures About Babies.

At the Eugene Baby Congress, now meeting in the Mozart Theater building, Dr. Titian Coffey will lecture this afternoon on "City Welfare Stations." Dr. V. C. Francis will talk on "The Education of the Child for the First Twelve Months." The attention of the public is particularly directed to these lectures.

Quint's Good Condition.

Dr. Sumner J. Quint, who, with Mrs. Quint and her sister, Mrs. Allen, was injured a few days ago when a car hit him, is rapidly recovering and will soon be out. His injuries are not so serious as first appearance indicated. Mrs. Quint has apparently recovered, and Mrs. Allen, while still in the hospital, is believed to have sustained no serious injury.

After a Prize?

Only a few days remain for entries in the short-story writing contest of the 1915 General Committee. Contestants must have their letters in the offices, No. 295 Chamber of Commerce building, on or before next Monday. There are fifty-four prizes ranging from \$5 to \$100 each. Rules of the contest can be obtained at the General Committee headquarters.

Counterfeit Aspirin.

H. Shurtliff, manager of the Western Drug Supply Company, is authorizing for the statement that the local drug market is being flooded with spurious acet-o-salicylic acid, the vital principle of aspirin, and that it is being sold under labels which counterfeit the genuine ones of Von Hoffmann of Ratisbeul, Germany. He says further that this counterfeit drug, sold at aspirin prices, contains no acet-o-salicylic acid at all, but is largely compounded of lactose.

Death Takes Insurance Man.

Funeral services over the remains of Mr. Frank Hitchcock, who died yesterday morning at his home, No. 316 Alpine Avenue road, will be conducted this afternoon at the chapel of Booth & Boyson, No. 1147 South Flower street. Rev. L. J. Adams will officiate. The services, Roland Paul will sing some special numbers. Mr. Hitchcock was 78 years of age. He came to this city twenty years ago from Topeka, and was well known here as an insurance agent. He leaves a widow and one daughter.

Leaves Large Family.

Mrs. Denslow Loomis, a resident of this city, who died at her home, No. 117 East Twenty-eighth street, at 11 p.m. Tuesday, aged 78, after an illness of two years. Mrs. Loomis leaves a widower, a son, J. E. Loomis, and three daughters, Mrs. T. B. Riggins, Mrs. W. E. Loomis, and Mrs. J. G. Kiesel. Mrs. Loomis also has thirteen grandchildren, and six great-grandchildren, all of this city. The funeral services will be conducted at 10 a.m., tomorrow, at the family residence, interment following at Santa Monica.

Appropriation Road Bills.

Resolutions were adopted yesterday by the directors of the Chamber of Commerce approving two bills now before the Legislature, one carrying an appropriation of \$7,000 to locate and survey a highway to connect this city and Alpine Valley, and the other an appropriation of \$14,000 to purchase additional right-of-way for the Lake Tahoe wagon road.

Was Known Here Socially.

Samuel B. Raymond, wealthy retired eastern business man, who was well known here in social circles, passed away at his Chicago home Tuesday at the age of 65 years. Death

was due to a complication of ailments incident to old age. Mr. Raymond was the husband of Mrs. Allie May Beveridge Raymond, a sister of Philo J. Beveridge of Hollywood. Funeral services will be conducted in the eastern city on Saturday. Mr. Beveridge left for Chicago yesterday.

President Bullock of the Chamber of Commerce named G. A. Brock, S. A. Butler, Col. W. H. Holabird, W. W. Pedder and O. K. Parker yesterday to represent the organization at the conference of Senate and Assembly committees in Sacramento Monday. One of the most important subjects that will come up will be the proposed appropriation of \$200,000 to complete a hard road from this city into the Imperial Valley.

The Penalty.
OMAX GIVEN
TWELVE YEARS.

**SAN QUENTIN FOR SLAYER OF
A. B. SHAW.**

Jeweler Who Shot Ex-Employee in the Back Weeps Before Sentence is Imposed—Afterwards He Thanks Judge for Fair and Impartial Trial—Not as Revenge.

R. E. Lomax, Jeweler, was sentenced to twelve years in San Quentin for the murder of A. B. Shaw, a former employee. Lomax cried like a baby while he waited for Justice Craig to complete the formal portion of the sentence. Mrs. Lomax responded by hugging children seated in a far corner of the room. She bowed her head while sentence was being pronounced.

After sentence, Lomax thanked Justice Craig for the fair and impartial trial and sentence. He also thanked the attorneys. He kissed his wife and children and was taken across the bridge of sighs by a deputy Sheriff.

Lomax shot and killed Shaw at his shop in the rear of his home. He shot Shaw in the back. He pleaded self-defense, claiming Shaw had a gun. This theory was shattered by the prosecution directed by Deputy District Attorneys Shannon and

Attorney Dominguez asked for clemency. He declared that society does not want the blood of a fellow-member. "Neither does the conscience of the people demand that a man be condemned for a long period for a crime."

Judge Craig said: "If a long sentence would be of any value to Mrs. Shaw I would be justified in inflicting the maximum penalty. To you, Lomax, I say not pity to yourself, but profit by your imprisonment."

STRENGTHEN RELATIONS.
Local Association Publishes Magazine Devoted to Latin American Trade Interests.

Understanding the wish for understanding of mutual ideals, the first issue of "Los Vecinos" (Neighbors), a monthly magazine devoted to the up-building of trade between this State and Latin America, has just been put out as the official organ of the Asociacion International of California. It is published in Spanish, and will be distributed in Latin American countries.

The magazine contains a brief note on "Los Angeles and Latin America" by Frank Wiggins, secretary of the local Chamber of Commerce. He expresses the opinion that never before has there been so much mutual interest in so propitious for better and more intimate relations, commercially, financially and socially, as at the present time.

There is a series of editorials, and an article on "The Americas," by John C. Allen, director of the association. These express a warm spirit of neighborliness and the desire for a better and more fraternal relationship with the southern countries.

The magazine is simple, but attractively put up, and features a picture of the Los Angeles business section on the cover.

The Asociacion International was originally known as the Latin American Trade Bureau, and was organized with a view of furthering the development of trade relations between this country and South America. Mr. Allen was formerly deputy consul at Monterey, Mex.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.
[Advertising.]

For quick action drop answers to Times "liners" in Times' liner boxes in downtown office buildings. The locations of the boxes are printed in the first column of The Times' "liner" section.

The Times Branch Office, No. 619 South Spring street. Advertisements and subscriptions taken.

—and the Worst Is Yet to Come



The Exclusive Specialty House for Feminine Apparel
Garments of Style, Quality, Lowest Prices

Myer Siegel & Co.

443-445-447 South Broadway

Street & \$25⁰⁰
Afternoon
Dresses at

A wonderful collection of most charming Dresses, new piquant, quaint, elaborate, or simple and dainty—as you may please to choose.

Materials are the latest in silks, Crepe de Chine, Charmeuse, Taffetas, Satins, included. Sizes for women, small women and misses.

(Second Floor)

Camisoles

Values to \$1.50

Camisoles in all the newest effects. In pleated Crepe de Chine, trimmed in Val. laces and ribbons.

Also some with sleeve effects.

(Third Floor)

Corsets

Visit our Corset Salons on 3rd Floor. You will enjoy seeing the latest models.

High-grade Corsets, \$3.50 up. Popular priced corsets, \$1 up. Full line of Brassieres.

(Garments of Style, Quality, Lowest Prices)

The Exclusive Specialty House for Feminine Apparel

THE UNIQUE
"The House of Authentic Style"

Most Dress Themes
of today display but a wisp of that "Enchanted Elusif," the master-work of French needle-craft.

But this firm continues its unusual connection with Parisian sources.

The Unique
EST. 1892
725 South Broadway

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY
Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

REMOVAL SALE
\$40,000 New Furniture
FOLEY FURNITURE CO.
937-943 S. Los Angeles St.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

Rubber Coats, Rubber Coats. If it is made of rubber we have it.

GOODYEAR'S, 324 S. BROADWAY

The Times

LOS ANGELES

LXIVth YEAR.

Doctrine.

SEA FOR OLD RATE METHODS.

Authority Decries the Scientific Scale.

Theory, Charge All the Traffic will Bear.

Constructive Sanity Used in Regulation.

HAROLD STICKOCK

FORWARD.
POST FOR PICK
AND THE SHOVEL
New Tube Mill Starts Work
Ceremoniously.
An Important Epoch in
the Southwest.
Some Mine Deposits Once
Regarded too Costly.

rmful!

at, with every cup of coffee,
slow, but powerful, drug?
cause of nervousness, heart
It's a cumulative drug, and

you'll realize the harm it does;
now and use Postum.

and a little wholesome mom-
ent. This gives it a snappy
absolutely free from caffeine, or

requires boiling—15c and 25c

uired—made instantly in the

are equally wholesome and de-
to ask for the kind you want.

" for
UM
—sold by Grocers everywhere.

CHES Montgomery
Jewelers
4th and Broadway

to the sea. It terminates at Vicksburg
now and double your money. 80c
Ocean Avenue, Santa Monica, Cal.

Matheson's
737 South
Broadway.

QUICK MEAL
Gas Stoves
Efficient,
Economical,
Beautiful.
Cast-Southern-Damask
Co.
412 Broadway

Excursion
on Diego
MARCH 20
cessary Expenses, Is \$10

Second Day
CONTRACT
FOUND A SUCCESS.

DISPOSAL CONTRACT
WITHOUT TROUBLE IN
FIRST STAGE.

of one-sixth of the total
accumulation in the city,
the river, near Lenard
is believed to be a success. The
was opened ten days ago and
of personnel inspected it.
in Pacific Electric. It
was to take care of
the total, including
each month must
be lifted up to our contract
and to carry it out to the
company, yesterday.

MAN PASSER.

to Wholesale Mer-
chandise Local Activities Cover
a Century.

Years, 44 years old and for
five years in business in
his residence, Lexington
Lexington and treasurer of
the Chamber of Commerce, wholesale
merchandise.

W. E. Farnsworth, a
widower, two sons, two
daughters, two grand-
children, wife, Mrs. E. G.
Farnsworth, 1416 Lexington
avenue, San Francisco, will
be buried at the Cemetery
chapel at 2:30 p.m. yesterday.

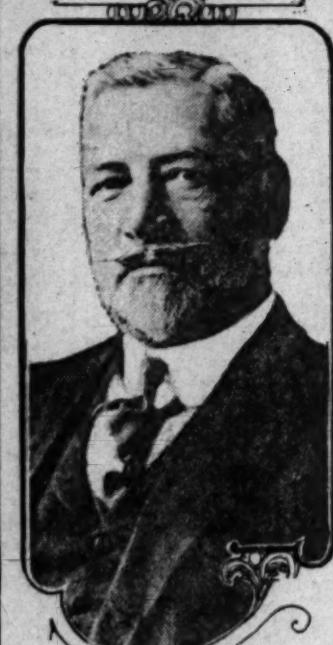
INDIANA DRAMATICS.

At the Indiana State Society meet-
ing next Tuesday evening in Fraternal
Hall the Walla School of
Dramatic Art will have charge of the
programme. Dancing will follow.

PLANNING ASSOCIATION.

of the proposed city
planning committee will be held at
the luncheon today of the City Plan-
ning Association at No. 449 South
Broadway. L. A. Halbert of the Kan-
sas City Board of Public Welfare will
speak.

"TRY fresh air," said the doctor
shortly. "One guinea, please."



George E. Dixon.
Vice-president in charge of traffic for
the Pennsylvania Railroad, who
made a noteworthy address to the
traffic men of this city yesterday.

Old Rate Methods.

(Continued from First Page.)

called "commercial method," and, after
thirty-three years of experience there-
with and study of other proposed
methods, has the temerity to say that
under present conditions the system
now in use is the best, and, indeed, the
only practical one."

"You have cut into the meat of the
subject," said E. P. Clark, former rail-
road president in congratulating Mr.
Dixon, following his speech. Fresh
salvoes of applause greeted this ob-
servation.

"While cost and other factors should
be considered," said Mr. Dixon, "no
one factor can be controlling in de-
termining the reasonableness of a
rate." Our whole structure of
freight rates is based on commercial
conditions and the best basis is the
soundness of that structure is that
the country has prospered under it.

COMPETITIONS CONTROLS.

"How did the commercial system of
rate-making develop? Go back and
note the competition met when the
railroads first came into existence.
The result of the stage coach can be seen,
and it will be conceded that the did not
any more than the present local ex-
press or delivery companies, figure
out any mathematical basis of rates.
They probably gave very little thought
as to what compensation would be
best for their services and what they
could get for their services and did
not figure that on a scientific basis.

"Therefore the railroad at the start
had to meet conditions as it found
them. The factor of competition con-
trolled as it does today, particularly
in the case of express companies,
factor will always interfere with any
system of mathematical or scientific
rate-making which may be proposed.

"Also consider for a moment the
rate on any mathematical basis of
rate by which an express company
the Panama Canal or from the
growing competition of auto trucks, of
which there were 60,000 and over in
1914, as against 13,000 for 1911.

"We must admit that the present
freight rates are not logically defensible in
any sense of the word, but they were born
of conditions brought about by rate
wars, competition between communi-
ties and the needs of the commerce of
a growing country. The system
of freight rates which has been
in this country, however illogical or
unscientific, is one suited to our needs;
under it the country has prospered,
under it the railroads have prospered
in the past.

"Therefore the railroad at the start
had to meet conditions as it found
them. The factor of competition con-
trolled as it does today, particularly
in the case of express companies,
factor will always interfere with any
system of mathematical or scientific
rate-making which may be proposed.

"Also consider for a moment the
rate on any mathematical basis of
rate by which an express company
the Panama Canal or from the
growing competition of auto trucks, of
which there were 60,000 and over in
1914, as against 13,000 for 1911.

"We must admit that the present
freight rates are not logically defensible in
any sense of the word, but they were born
of conditions brought about by rate
wars, competition between communi-
ties and the needs of the commerce of
a growing country. The system
of freight rates which has been
in this country, however illogical or
unscientific, is one suited to our needs;
under it the country has prospered,
under it the railroads have prospered
in the past.

Continuing, Mr. Dixon asserted that
the mathematical adjustment of
freight rates would tend to upbuild
new commercial centers in various
territories and the whole commercial
machinery of the country would thus
be diminished.

DANGER IN RIGIDITY.

"Rates should change with chang-
ing conditions," he said, "and if a
too rigid basis is adopted, it would be
difficult to make changes in rates
demanded by business conditions in
any specific territory without distur-
bance of the whole system." Our present
rate structure is fundamental; our task is
to make it responsive to the daily de-
mands of trade and insure that private
capital will supply the facilities
necessary to insure a continuance of
national growth."

Prefacing his talk by the state-
ment that business throughout the
country is showing a decided improve-
ment, Mr. Dixon then expressed the
hope that eventually the public rail-
roads and the commissions, both
State and Federal, would unite in an
effort to ascertain and finally estab-
lish the principles on which wise reg-
ulation should hereafter proceed.

"Let me assure you that the public
should cease to be oppressive," he
said, "so as to attain for the people
at large the advantage of our Amer-
ican system of private ownership and
operation under public regulation and
control. This would force it into another
and far less desirable in a country
such as ours."

Mr. Dixon also suggested an in-
crease in the membership of the Inter-
state Commerce Commission, the
inclusion of experienced railroad men
in its membership, and the extension
of the commission's power to full su-
pervision and control of all rates
and other matters affecting
railroad revenues and expenses."

"With these changes," he said,
"Congress would no doubt refer to the
commission, for investigation and re-
port, all questions, such as legislation
affecting wages, working hours, in-
creased taxes, mail and parcel post
and other matters affecting
railroad revenues and expenses."

Announcement of an excursion to
San Diego the 27th inst., for members
of the association was made by President
Thurston. It is expected at least
100 will make the trip, returning here
the 28th inst.

INDIANA DRAMATICS.

At the Indiana State Society meet-
ing next Tuesday evening in Fraternal
Hall the Walla School of
Dramatic Art will have charge of the
programme. Dancing will follow.

PLANNING ASSOCIATION.

of the proposed city
planning committee will be held at
the luncheon today of the City Plan-
ning Association at No. 449 South
Broadway. L. A. Halbert of the Kan-
sas City Board of Public Welfare will
speak.

"TRY fresh air," said the doctor
shortly. "One guinea, please."

SECURITY SERVICE

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

For those desiring to keep their money at work
while awaiting permanent investment, or who may
be traveling a distance and desire to leave a sum
of money where it will be safe, and at the same
time earning something until their return.

Interest is paid on certificates of deposit accord-
ing to length of time for which they are issued.
For instance, for thirty days at rate of 3% per
annum; for six months, 4% per annum.

The owner of such a deposit in "The Oldest
and Largest Savings Bank in the Southwest" may
sleep nights in the knowledge that there will be
no shrinkage of value in this investment and that
he is sure of his interest when due.

Let's get acquainted, either at our Branch or
Main Office, or a postal will bring "A Little Book
about a Big Bank," which tells all about us.

SECURITY TRUST
SAVINGS-COMMERCIAL-TRUST

Over 90,000 Depositors—Over \$42,000,000 of Resources

SECURITY BUILDING
Fifth and Spring
EQUITABLE BRANCH
Fifth and Spring

Starvation Ends Hunt.

(Continued from First Page.)

and, besides, she was worried and ill,
so she remained on at the ranch and the
neighbors thought she was the
wife of the owner. After several
months the condition of the girl, who
is but 18 years old, became critical.
The ranchman was away most of the
day and the girl left alone. One day
he followed her and found there
was another girl in the town of Austin.
When he returned to the ranch the
next day a quarrel and Arambel
and the girl had told the juvenile authorities
had given her enough
money to bring her to Los Angeles.

He was to meet her here after the
arrival of their baby. Little Marie
was born in the County Hospital a
few days ago. The family has not put in
an appearance when he had promised
and Dolores left the institution to
find work.

Three days ago she heard that the
father of the blue-eyed baby was in
Los Angeles and was with Dolores.
She was left and came from San
Gabriel. After one day in the city
her money was exhausted. Yesterday
at First and Spring streets the girl
fainted and fell to the sidewalk.
A First and Spring street
police officer found her unconscious
and she was taken to the hospital.
She had not eaten for three days.
Her last money had gone for milk for
the little dimpled mite in her arms.
At First and Spring streets the girl
was found unconscious. She was
taken to the hospital and Dolores
was sent to the hospital. The
police officer found her unconscious
and she was taken to the hospital.
She had not eaten for three days.
Her last money had gone for milk for
the little dimpled mite in her arms.
At First and Spring streets the girl
was found unconscious. She was
taken to the hospital and Dolores
was sent to the hospital.

Others who tested are: Lynn C.
Norris, treasurer Stetson-Barrett Com-
pany; John Kahn, president of the
California Bank and Trust Company;
San Diego; Arthur L. Mathews, secre-
tary Mathews Candy Company, and
Frank Hester, a buyer for Bishop & Co.

The Corn Products Refining Com-
pany, which is to be organized on
the reorganization and absorption of
between forty-six and forty-eight
companies in 1897, 1902 and 1906, and
to control the glucose, corn products,
starch, and to a certain extent the
sugar market, the Corn Products
Company, Novelty Candy Company, and
Penick & Ford, Ltd., of New Orleans.
The parent company has large plants
in New Jersey, Illinois and Iowa.

TENDERNESS WINS
ROYALTY'S SCION.

DESCENDANT OF ENGLISH KING
WEEDS NURSE HE MET AT
FRIEND'S BEDSIDE.

Smitten by the tenderness and lov-
ing care shown at the bedside of his
husband by a pretty nurse, George Roy
Anstey, a descendant of the royal family
of England, determined to seek
her hand in matrimony and last night
the romance, which started six months
ago, culminated in his marriage to
Miss Frances Crane, daughter of Mr.
and Mrs. B. W. Crane of No. 465 West
Forty-second street. The ceremony
was performed by Rev. Charles Ed-
ward, pastor of the First Meth-
odist Episcopal Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Anstey first met when
the latter was called to the home of
Rev. Henderson to nurse him through
a serious illness. Mr. Henderson and
Mr. Anstey are very close friends and
Mr. Anstey was at his chum's bed-
side throughout his sickness. He fell
in love at first sight with Miss Crane,
and she promised to marry him when
he had recovered from his illness.

The wedding was attended by im-
mediate friends and members of the
family. Mrs. Irene Henderson was
the matron of honor and Miss Rilla
Nidervier, the bridemaid. Waited
by Anstey, brother of the groom, and
Rev. Henderson were attendants.

Following the wedding the couple
left for the mid-night train for San
Francisco. They will return early next
week and will be married to their
friends in their new bungalow on West
Forty-second street.

Mr. Anstey's grandfather was
Francis Senior Anstey of Kilmarnock,
Scotland, who married Tompkins, Tompkins
Anstey, a direct descendant of Edward
III, King of England. Mr. An-
stey's mother lives in Glendale.

Aquatic plants meet with a differ-
ent type of defense, but their
defense is large and similar to that of land
plants. Against larvae and other small aquatic life, they have
developed stinging hairs, poison darts
and other weapon of defense; while
against birds, they have developed
a sharp, growing, assure safety from
both insect and larger animal life.

Some plants shoot their heads
above the surface of the water, to
avoid the attack of insects and
other small aquatic life, while
others from climbing up that stems
to the heads, they exude a thick,
viscid varnish which both opposes the
passage of insects and protects the
plant against inclement weather con-
ditions.

The Price Cured Him.

[London Answers:] You should
have seen the way Wulff moaned
over his little ailments. He was
one of those people who are always
walling their ill state of health when
they are the real matter, with a little lecturing
on the part of the doctor.

"Oh, my chest, doctor!" he wailed
to his physician one evening. "My
lungs are bad, doctor. Please tell me
to inhale sulphur fumes. Others recommend a seaside holiday.
What could you advise me to do?"

"TRY fresh air," said the doctor
shortly. "One guinea, please."

Woman's Health
Requires Care

Women are so constituted as to
be peculiarly susceptible to consti-
pation, and their general health de-
pends in a large measure on careful
regulation and correction of this
tendency. Their delicate organs
are easily injured by cathartics and
purgative remedies, which while they
may afford temporary relief, shock the system and se-
riously disturb the functional organs.

A mild laxative is far preferable
and, if properly compounded,
much more effective.

The combination of simple laxa-
tives with a cathartic, such as Dr.
Caldwell's Syrup Peppermint, is ideal
for women's use. A free trial bot-
tles can be obtained by writing to
Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 452 Washington
St., Monticello, Ills.

The Price Cured Him.

[London Answers:] You should
have seen the way Wulff moaned
over his little ailments. He was
one of those people who are always
walling their ill state of health when
they are the real matter, with a little lecturing
on the part of the doctor.

"Oh, my chest, doctor!" he wailed
to his physician one evening. "My
lungs are bad, doctor. Please tell me
to inhale sulphur fumes. Others recommend a seaside holiday.
What could you advise me to do?"

"TRY fresh air," said the doctor
shortly. "One guinea, please."

Pictorial Review
Patterns.

April styles now on
sale.

VILLE DE PARIS
317-325
52 BROADWAY
312-322
50 B. HILL STREET.
A. FUSENOT CO.

PUBLISHER:
THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY
OFFICERS:
H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager,
W. C. HOLLOWAY, Vice-Mgr. and Gen. Mgr.,
R. M. ANDREWS, Mgr. of Ad. Dept.,
F. X. PEFFINGER, Assistant Treasurer,
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER, Vice-Pres. and Secy.

Los Angeles Times

EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR.
Daily, Sunday, Illustrated Weekly and Semi-Monthly Magazine. Daily Founded Dec. 4, 1851—24th Year.
Member, Class A, of the Associated Press. Yesterdays, 1,000,000 words transmitted; 25,000 words received.

OFFICE:
New Times Building, First and Broadway.
LOS ANGELES (Loco Ahng-hay-al's)
Entered at the Postoffice as mail matter of Class II.

TREND OF THE FINANCIAL NEWS.

CHIEF EVENTS OF YESTERDAY.

(At Home:) A betterment in steel conditions was seen in the increase of tonnage shipped for February over January. Both the American, Suner and National Lead companies reported big increases over last year's business. Much American money is finding its way into the new German loan because of the attractive interest rates offered. The sale of 127,000,000 New York State bonds was offered at Albany, the general price being 104%.

(Abroad:) The British war loan of \$250,000,000 is oversubscribed, according to London. A much better feeling was noticed in general financial circles in the English capital.

(For details, see financial pages.)

A OPEN QUESTION.

Five juries voted for spanking and seven against it in the case of young Lee. Consequently, to spank or not to spank remains an unsolved problem.

PRACTICAL PEACE.

We are neither superstitious nor pessimistic, but we fail to see what good a peace meeting in Chicago will do to the recent fathers of the large crop of European orphans. Whenever the warring nations themselves begin to send delegates to a peace convention, there will be some hope for the situation.

EXPOSING IDEALS.

It is quite the common thing to laugh at the people with ideals especially if they wear their ideals where they are obvious. At the same time, you must have noticed that only the people who have ideals and who fight for them ever amount to anything in this sunny world of ours.

SHIFTING CAPITAL.

A Villa has invited the fond diplomats to move from Mexico City to Chihuahua. The change might give them an opportunity to witness many choice executions and some wherein they had no choice. We don't imagine that a diplomat would find it comfortable making a move every time Villa changed his base of operation.

RELIGION AND REVENGE.

A minister has been convicted of obtaining money under false pretenses by invoking spooks which had flesh on their bones. A man who deals with spirits can't be too careful about having them spiritual, and the courts cannot go too strong in saving the public from the exploitation of religion for revenue only. People should protect themselves a little by not swallowing every ghost they see or hear about.

CHAUFFEUR, SPARE THAT TREE.

The city must do something to protect its trees from visitors who do not know just where they are. We notice that one fine sapling nearly twelve inches in circumference was knocked flat by a party of visiting automobile drivers. As all of the visitors occupied the same car, the impact was nearly as much of a shock to them as it was to the tree. They will be complaining next that the trees of Los Angeles should either be taken in at night or not left where they will make good automobile targets.

TWO MILLION PRISONERS.

As a result of the fight in the Mazurian district the Germans captured 100,000 men. What will they do with them? What will the allies do with the Germans and Austrians they have taken prisoners? On both sides there must now be over two million prisoners of war being fed in idleness.

More than twenty centuries ago when the soldiers of Cambyses and Darius, and Alexander achieved victories, they sometimes made slaves of the prisoners they captured in battle. Such was also the custom among the Indian tribes of both North and South America. Of course it would be an outrage to revert to the practices of 500 years B.C., but war is an outrage anyhow and two million men with plow and hoe in their hands could raise beans and potatoes and grain enough to feed not only themselves but their enemies.

GOLD GIVEN AWAY.

Two hundred and fifty dollars for ten days' work is rather good salary for even a big bank president—but that is what The Times will give absolutely free to the candidate in "The Times Automobile Circulation Contest" who brings in the largest sum in subscription payments to the Daily Times by March 20. But that isn't all—or nearly all. Four hundred and fifty dollars more will be divided into seven other prizes to reward contestants for their efforts.

Now is that all—or nearly all. Every contestant who brings in, before March 20, new subscriptions aggregating \$45 will be given, in addition to the regular votes, a special vote ballot of 75,000. And there is still something more to make it worth while to get subscriptions, for the candidate who brings in a total of \$22,500 for new subscriptions will receive a special vote ballot of 27,500. The subscriptions can be for any length of time, but they must be new.

And all of the gold given away is in addition and apart from the magnificent automobiles that will be awarded to the winners. Think of all the things that \$250 will buy—and of all rides a first-class automobile will give, and then remember that a little effort is all that is necessary to get them!

I F CONSTANTINOPLE FALLS.

Among the many issues awaiting settlement at the close of the European war none is of more world-wide interest than the fate of Constantinople. Since it was originally founded by the Doric Greeks, in the year 660 B. C., epochal events seem to have persistently centered about the city on the Bosphorus. First a bone of contention between Greek and Roman, then between Roman and Saracen, afterwards between Christian and Mohammedan, finally between Russ and Turk. Constantinople seems to stand as an index finger to mark the fluctuations in social and moral progress. It has been made the subject for endless prophecy. Some religious sects, indeed, still believe that the Christianizing of Constantinople is a signal for the second advent of Christ. If the Christianizing of the old pagan city ushers in the era of universal peace the prophecy may be fulfilled, though not in the literal way accepted by some zealots. Constantinople has once been destroyed by Christian warriors, but never yet converted to Christ.

That Constantinople will pass out of the hands of the Turks and that the Dardanelles will be neutralized and opened to the shipping of the world is one of the safest guesses in forecasting the results of the twentieth century Armageddon. Under which flag this will be brought about is still in the lap of the diplomatic gods. We are not quite certain whether the Teutons or the allies will have the last say in the matter.

The natural guardian of his European territory, after the Turks has been dispossessed, is Russia. Great Britain, however, may have ambitions to do a little more red painting on the map by brushing in a broad splash from Egypt across Asia Minor to the Sea of Marmara. Yet it is hardly likely that Russia entered into an alliance with her once most bitter antagonist without a distinct understanding as to her future in European Turkey. Since the days of Peter the Great a free port into the Mediterranean has been the main object of her foreign policy.

In order of historical precedence Greece has the right of re-entry into her long-lost city, Byzantium, unless after a lapse of 1660 years she is barred out by the statute of limitations. It is significant that the war fever is becoming very active among the Hellenes as the storming of the Dardanelles progresses. Italy, too, might put in a claim on the strength of the exploits of the Roman Emperor, Constantine, from whom the city received its present name. Only to the Turk is it still known as Stamboul. Perhaps Italy is still waiting to see which way the cat jumps before siding prematurely with the possible conquerors of Turkey.

If the allies are successful France will certainly have a large say in settling for good and all the vexed eastern question. She may desire the complete neutralization of Constantinople as well as of the waters adjoining. So it might become a free Christian city under the joint control of all Christian nations.

Another solution is the formation of Palestine, Syria and Turkey-in-Europe into a new Hebrew commonwealth, where the Jews under a flag of their own might unite to restore the ancient glories of Israel, its commercial center Constantinople, and its seat of government the Eternal City of Jerusalem.

WILD IDEALS OF DEMOCRACY.

President Wilson emulates the orator who said: "If the facts do not agree with my argument so much the worse for the facts." In his message to Congress in September last, urging the immediate enactment of the war tax measure, the President averred that customs receipts for August, 1914, had fallen far short of customs receipts for August, 1913. He said: "I need not tell you to what this falling off is due. It is due, in chief part, not to the reductions recently made in the customs duties, but to the great decrease in imports, and that is due to the extraordinary extent of the industrial area affected by the present war in Europe."

Congressman Forney of Michigan in a speech made a few days before the adjournment of Congress, in reply to the President's argument said:

"How much was this 'great decrease in imports,' to which the President refers? Our imports for August, 1913, amounted to \$137,500,000, and our imports for August, 1914, were \$129,700,000, a loss of a little less than \$8,000,000, a falling off of 5%."

Now let us see what we lost in customs receipts. In August, 1913, customs receipts amounted to \$30,930,000.

In August, 1914, customs receipts were \$19,430,000, or a loss of \$1,500,000. In other words, the loss in customs receipts amounted to 37.2 per cent. Let me repeat, comparing August, 1913 (with a Republican tariff law in force) with August, 1914 (with a Democratic tariff law in force), we lost \$11,500,000 in customs receipts on a loss of imports amounting to less than \$8,000,000. Our total imports decreased 5.8 per cent, and our customs receipts fell off 37.2 per cent, yet our President would have us think this loss of revenue was due to the falling off in imports due to "in chief part" to the war in Europe. Under the Democratic tariff law the government is collecting approximately 13.35 per cent ad valorem in customs duties on the total imports. A decrease of \$8,000,000 in imports at 13.35 per cent ad valorem should cause a loss in customs receipts of \$1,040,000; but we lost \$11,500,000. That loss in customs receipts was not due in chief part to a decrease in imports, as stated by the President. Such a contention is absurd. Ninety and four-tenths per cent of that loss in customs receipts was due to lower rates of duty, and but 9.6 per cent was due to the decrease in imports."

When Col. Goethals retires he will leave behind him a memorial of his labors not surpassed by the works of the greatest artists, scientists, thinkers and doers in the whole magnificent panoply of human achievement. He will leave his mark from ocean to ocean across a bisected continent.

When Col. Goethals retires he will have set an example of indomitable pluck and matchless resource to inspire American engineers in every vast enterprise that lies ahead of this constructive nation. Because of his mechanical victory over nature at Panama, the reclamation of deserts, the impounding of waste waters, the transmission of power is easier and more feasible wherever the necessity of men calls for the harnessing of natural forces. The contagion of success is irresistible.

In October, 1914, with the war raging in Europe, our imports gained \$6,000,000, while our customs receipts lost \$14,000,000. The only possible explanation of this—consistent with the integrity of the multiplication table—is that the Underwood "tariff for revenue only" is too low.

The only remedy for existing conditions is to turn the nation's affairs, fiscal and otherwise, over to the Republican party, which knows how and will be able to take care of them, for the Democratic party is guided by wild ideals, unbalanced themes, poor business training and the fierce gnawing of office hunger.

Scheduled for 1916.



National Editorial Service.

AMERICA AND THE ORIENTAL SITUATION.

"CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES."
BY JEREMIAH W. JENKS, Ph. D., LL.D.,
Director of the Division of Public Affairs,
New York University, and of the Far
Eastern Bureau.

NOT to the Chinese alone, but to the whole world in general and to Americans in particular, is there ground for regret and disquiet in the accounts, both Chinese and Japanese, of the negotiations which have succeeded the brief period of actual war in the Orient; and none are more perturbed by the cabled versions of Japan's demands than are Japan's best friends in this country.

Japan has pledged herself to recognize the "open door." She is pledged to safeguard the sovereignty of China. Her intent is to future greatness and growth depend largely upon the continued toward China. Yet whether the Japanese nor the Chinese versions of her demands presented to the Chinese Republic reflect a disposition toward justice or judicious diplomacy. Stripped of all verbiage, whittled down to their essence, these demands present Japan as attempting to impose a virtual sovereignty upon China. Granted for the moment that the United States and other powers should stand idly by and permit Japan to make a vassal state of China, the ultimate end would not be very difficult to forecast. The Chinese people, four hundred million strong, cannot be absorbed by either Japan or any other nation against the will and wishes of the Chinese themselves.

It is a pity that these questions are agitated just at this moment. Japan's rightful compensation for her sacrifices and her victories during the war must inevitably be passed upon by the peace commission which will sit and give final judgment when the war is over. The presumption that possession, however gained, will help Japan's case with the peace commissioners is misplaced. Rather is it probable that undue haste may weaken Japan's position, since as it may strengthen suspicion as to her general policy in the Orient and as an active force in the government of the world. Certainly, undue eagerness to profit from untoward circumstances will not help the United States and other powers friendly to Japan to strengthen Japan's position as a peace power. And there are already signs that in England uneasiness and suspicion are being aroused.

There is also the American's viewpoint. We have very real and very definite interest in China and the Far East. The United States are pledged definitely and decisively to the policy of the "open door." The policy of the "open door" and the Monroe Doctrine are two of the very few points upon which American diplomacy has been consistent and persistent. And, while the growth of our sister States on the American continent is gradually lessening the likelihood of international contention as to the enforcement of the Monroe Doctrine, the growth of China and her wonderful awakening of recent years invests with new dignity and importance the policy which has been pursued from the time of Annex Burlingame in helping China to save herself and to assist the general progress of humanity. The international compact which the late John Hay succeeded in securing from the powers pledging the preservation of China is not a "scrap of paper." The American people will not regard with equanimity any repudiation of a solemn contract entered into by the United States with Japan and other nations directed to safeguard China. The fact that China was then an empire and is now learning to stand on her own feet as a republic would seem to suggest that a violation or a nullification of this compact would touch to the very quick American pride, American principle, American patriotism.

Nightmare is a common malady of the nerve-wracked holders of the advanced posts. Some dream they are wandering through a maze of endless trenches where they have hopelessly lost their way. One French soldier described a fearful dream of being attacked at close quarters and finding his bayonet hopelessly entangled in a quivering corpse.

Another common night fright is to hear a sudden call to arms and to be hunting vainly for some article of clothing or equipment. To discover a hissing shell in one's bed and to be unable to remove it or to get away from it is another paralyzing vision that disturbs a soldier's rest. Yet all these men in the face of actual danger are as brave and resolute as their more phlegmatic comrades for whom sleep more effectively "knits up the raveled sleeve of care."

Another common night fright is to hear a sudden call to arms and to be hunting vainly for some article of clothing or equipment. To discover a hissing shell in one's bed and to be unable to remove it or to get away from it is another paralyzing vision that disturbs a soldier's rest. Yet all these men in the face of actual danger are as brave and resolute as their more phlegmatic comrades for whom sleep more effectively "knits up the raveled sleeve of care."

There is no reason why Japan and the United States cannot co-operate to assist China and assist themselves at the same time. There is every reason why Japan and the United States should work together for a peaceful and a prosperous Orient. We can be of very great help to Japan and the Japanese can be of very great help to us, but this must not be at the expense of China. It is the part of peace and of the peacemaker to make these things clear both to our own people and to the Japanese people, because candor is the mainspring of good faith and good understanding between nations, as between men. We must not drift into danger through seeming weakness, deceiving both ourselves and others as to where and how we stand. And that is one reason why those Americans who are most friendly to the people of Nippon view with genuine uneasiness asserted claims which would be as dangerous and as discreditable to the Japanese as a nation as they would be unpainable to the American people and be certain to sow seeds of distrust and of discord.

There is no reason why Japan and the United States cannot co-operate to assist China and assist themselves at the same time. There is every reason why Japan and the United States should work together for a peaceful and a prosperous Orient. We can be of very great help to Japan and the Japanese can be of very great help to us, but this must not be at the expense of China. It is the part of peace and of the peacemaker to make these things clear both to our own people and to the Japanese people, because candor is the mainspring of good faith and good understanding between nations, as between men. We must not drift into danger through seeming weakness, deceiving both ourselves and others as to where and how we stand. And that is one reason why those Americans who are most friendly to the people of Nippon view with genuine uneasiness asserted claims which would be as dangerous and as discreditable to the Japanese as a nation as they would be unpainable to the American people and be certain to sow seeds of distrust and of discord.

"This valuable, timely and interesting series has been secured for The Times through a special arrangement with the International Service Headquarters of the copyrighted National Editorial Service.

LUKE M'LUEK SAYS.

[Cincinnati Enquirer:] The woman who paints her face and wears clothes that make her look like an advertisement shouldn't complain because she attracts a few bidders.

"Where in the deuce are the lights in this house?" snarled Picklellly, trying to put a bold face on the matter.

"Lights!" cried Mrs. Picklellly scathingly. "Pull up the blinds!"

Substitutes.

[Judge:] Tourist (in village notion store:) Whaddya got in the shape of automobile tires?

Saleslady: Funeral wreaths, life preservers, invalid cushions and doughnuts.

Substitutes.

[Judge:] Tourist (in village notion store:) Whaddya got in the shape of automobile tires?

Saleslady: Funeral wreaths, life preservers, invalid cushions and doughnuts.

Substitutes.

[Judge:] Tourist (in village notion store:) Whaddya got in the shape of automobile tires?

Saleslady: Funeral wreaths, life preservers, invalid cushions and doughnuts.

Substitutes.

[Judge:] Tourist (in village notion store:) Whaddya got in the shape of automobile tires?

Saleslady: Funeral wreaths, life preservers, invalid cushions and doughnuts.

Substitutes.

[Judge:] Tourist (in village notion store:) Whaddya got in the shape of automobile tires?

Saleslady: Funeral wreaths, life preservers, invalid cushions and doughnuts.

Substitutes.

[Judge:] Tourist (in village notion store:) Whaddya got in the shape of automobile tires?

Saleslady: Funeral wreaths, life preservers, invalid cushions and doughnuts.

Substitutes.

[Judge:] Tourist (in village notion store:) Whaddya got in the shape of automobile tires?

Saleslady: Funeral wreaths, life preservers, invalid cushions and doughnuts.

Pen Points: By the Staff

Singer at Sunday-night Mass-meeting.

Vera Cruz still continues to be the trend of the Wilson administration.

And now little Greece is rolling roundly in her trundle-bed and talking in her sleep.

It must be quite a task keeping Leo in the war zone—it is so hard to tell Leo to give up.

Why not try the Stars and Stripes over our old London? It might keep the boys away.

Abdul Hamid, the deposed Sultan, is again. Who rolled the stones from the grave away?

Our idea of nothing especially new is the sport that there is another outbreak in Lisbon, Portugal.

A fierce battle between whales in the channel off Long Beach is reported. Our regards to Jonah.

When they have nothing else on hand, New York, they try Harry K. Thaw. The performance is again on.

Complete anarchy is reported in Asia. That's what comes of allowing George Williams to get out of the country.

Goat meat is now the thing in New York. The best effect it should be made with butter. Officer, arrest that man.

It is possible that the jitney bus is dead, but the owners of the streetcars will still see the humor of the situation.

Swearing he'd never intervene, Woodrow Wilson is likely to do a bit of intervening now some folks do change their minds.

Why is the California Assembly the only person to send in a proper message? It will be given a sunrise copy of the Budget.

That raucous noise you hear coming from Mexico is doubtless caused by the laughing after reading the last news.

President Wilson will not come to the United States until later in the year. He will be latching out no matter what the calls.

With the adjournment of Congress, Harry McAdoo and Postmaster-General Garrison are catching up a little. They were the whips of the administration.

The destruction of the vodka market in Russia is claimed to be a great mistake. They really need in that country a carload of vowels put where they were the most good.

Gen. Scott is hiking through Utah and Colorado, to see if he can induce the Indians to become peaceable. In words he is endeavoring to knock the teeth of the Plains.

It is reported that ex-congressman John has tendered his services to the business army. In no other way will he have an opportunity to give the business the Jitney.

It strikes us that Los Angeles is not doing to foster what is known as the "babies" movement. Is there any place a foot-stool or under the sun where babies are produced than in the country of the sensuous Southwest?

The statement that Gen. Villa had given, one Mex., and the other U.S.A., to explain a lot of things. A man who is hardly to be held responsible for what happens, he must get even somebody if he can't do it at home.

One of the city churches has been doing, and there is what is known as a church dancing school that meets every evening. "A time to weep, a time to laugh; a time to mourn and a time to dance." Read your Ecclesiastes.

The New York Senate has voted to increase the department of efficiency and economy. It was found that it was not efficient nor economical. All these have to do with the work of the government. We must make an honest living in any other life.

Here is a pointer: wheat is selling at 25 cents a bushel. Corners are helping so to boost the price of wheat in the United States are to be sold to Russia for wheat. It is possible for Russia to sell or send wheat beyond her borders.

A review of many of the trekking before the various State Legislatives indicates that some people like in the museum instead of among the makers. Evidently the foot leather in his glory and has broken out like a scorpion to make the country worse. Are all the fools come from?

Derelicts.

"We sail at turn of tide; the dark charts our vagrant way shall lead to human hand shall guide. Our phantom course is laid; so we drive where no winds blow. Our ghostly sails arrayed.

Signal lights are over set, no man is at the wheel; still, when foam beats, some guiding foam we feel. Rock-ribbed reefs we ride our way, dodge the steamer-like, but haunt their paths by night.

Deep-sea beds the ghost now no longer walks our decks once more; still, when they drive us hollow, we open our course we right. Through her sides our bows pass, and he would like to have her.

Harry M. Dean in New York. The



Miss Arline Levy,

on the programme at assemblage called by the Hebrew Sheltering Society to discuss important questions, including a site for the proposed home.

TERS TO
THE TIMES."TO DISCUSS SITES
FOR A NEW HOME.
HEBREW SHELTERING SOCIETY
CALLS MASS MEETING FOR
SUNDAY NIGHT.You Can Rely On
A Waltham
Bracelet Watch

THE one factor which has been responsible, perhaps more than all others, for the remarkable popularity of the bracelet watch is the assurance of accuracy and reliability which the name "Waltham" implies.

Feagans and Company especially feature and recommend Waltham Bracelet Watches because the name "Waltham" on the dial means that that watch is not merely a fad—but a real timepiece—accurate and responsible—a timepiece that both we and the makers can safely guarantee.

Feagans and Company show the most extensive selection of Waltham Bracelet Watches in Los Angeles.

Jewel Size—15 Jewel Waltham movement, complete in 20-year gold filled case, with new gilt "Night Dial" and expansion bracelet. Complete, \$29.00.

FEAGANS & COMPANY
Exclusive Jewelers—Society Stationers
218 West Fifth Street
Alexandria Hotel Building
Pasadena Shop—Hotel Maryland

Ceremony.

THIS IS HOW A
JUDGE IS MADE.OSCAR TRIPPET MOUNTS THE
FEDERAL BENCH.Simple Programme Marks Induction
of New Jurist into United
States District Court as Successor
to Olin Wellborn—Admits
Protege to Local Practice.

The ceremony attendant upon the induction into the high judicial office of United States district judge by Oscar A. Trippet yesterday was Spartan in the simplicity. On the desk of the court were bunches of American Beauty roses, carnations, fuchsias, acacias and daffodils. No other decorations were used.

The courtroom was filled with personal and professional friends of the new judge, and in the crowd were a number of ladies, including Mrs. Trippet, accompanied by their two sons, Larimore Oscar and Francis Oscar Trippet, and Mrs. Larimore of Larimore, N. D., mother-in-law of the new official, who had journeyed all the way from the bleak Northwest for the occasion.

But few Democratic politicians were there, and those others who had aspired to the post were conspicuous by their absence. The Indiana Association of Federal Officers, represented by Collector Carter and Register Roche, shook hands with the court, who also originally hailed from the huckleberry knobs of the Hoosier State.

At 10:30 o'clock, the new judge stepped from his chambers to the bench and rose for the administration of the oath of office by Charles N. Williams, chief clerk and United States Commissioner.

The remarks of Judge Trippet expressed thanks to those who had gathered to see his induction into office. He said the administration of justice was the only work of crowning achievement of his life. He could not look forward to any other endeavor. Continuing he said:

"I approach the duties I will have to perform with fear and trembling. My predecessor performed his duties with such distinction and satisfaction to the people and the bar, that, with all my endeavors, I know that I cannot equal his attainments. He was so clear in his opinions, bore his faculties and yet with such dignity, that the ermine he wore will sit heavily on my shoulders."

"I consider that intellectual ability, honesty, patience and mercy are the chief attributes of a good judge. The intellectual ability must include masterful knowledge of the law. The honesty must not only be spiritual, controlling the life of the judge, but he must have a knowledge of the rules of law which would govern every man. His patience must be such that he will both listen and carefully consider. Mercy must always season justice."

The ceremony over, the veteran collector and his wife, Mrs. Williams, who has been in his place ever since the establishment of the Federal court twenty-eight years ago, called the court to order and the grind of business was on.

"There was a bit of sentiment in the first recognition of Judge Trippet, when Dell A. Schweitzer of the firm of Schweitzer & Hutton rose to move the admission of Burton C. Crane to the bar. Both Schweitzer and Crane protested professionally in defense of Trippet, Schweitzer leaving a job of clerking in a Los Angeles grocery to study law with the new occupant of the bench. In allowing the admission, Judge Trippet even offered a complimentary procedure to congratulate Mr. Crane on his advancement in his chosen profession.

The first business was a motion by Newton J. Skinner to have returned to San Francisco the immediate by the Circuit Court of Appeals, dismissing the appeal of Clarence P. Bowers, convicted of using the mails in a Mexico, banana fraud scheme, for another man. The court, however, held the matter and if the proceeding was a proper one he would allow the motion.

The announcement was made that Miss Helena Hill would be the private secretary and stenographer to Judge

Fawn Cloth Lace
Boot

\$6—of Greater Value

Staub's
The Popular Price Shoe Store.
336 SO. BROADWAY

HAIR COMING OUT?

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a 25-cent bottle of Dandruff at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After a few applications the hair stops coming out and you can't find any dandruff.

The announcement was made that Miss Helena Hill would be the private secretary and stenographer to Judge

ones not ordinarily available.

—Home of Ostermoor Mattresses—

—McCall Patterns—

Cooler Dry Goods Co.
FOUNDED in 1878

U. S. Postoffice Sub-Station.

W. U. Telegraph Branch.

American Express Branch.

Silk Sale Continues

"Accustomed as I am to buying the best silks here, these values astonish even me," said a patron recently, when making selection from the array shown in the March Sale.

And, indeed, they are unusual; brand-new, perfect, fresh and stylish silks, at such low prices that women are buying in quantities:

Novelty Silk Suitings

26 inches wide—checks, stripes, etc., for street garments; good dollar

75c

Washable Tub Silks

32 inches wide; just the thing for men's shirts, women's waists, etc.; good values at

60c

Shantung Pongees

—genuine importations; natural color; 32 inches wide; regularly

50c

Satin de Chine

—35 inches wide; extra good qualities, even at \$1.50; shown in the more delicate evening shades, and dark colors, too; also black and ivory; think of buying such silks at

\$1.10

Silk Crepes de Chine

—40 inches wide; in evening shades; street colors, white, black and ivory; a crepe de chine that you could not equal under \$1.25; in the March sale at

\$1

Have You Seen the New
"Exposition Collar"? Here Now

One of the prettiest conceits in spring neckwear is the new so-called Exposition collar; it is manufactured from a new material—wash voile—and is a high flaring shape; so seemed that it will stand without boning; prettily trimmed with pearl wash buttons or black satin buttons and ribbon; picot edges and hand-embroidered corners.

To be strictly in vogue, at least one of these Exposition collars is a necessity—here at \$1.50 to \$3.75.

Other New Neckwear

—Sets, guimpes, frills, fichus—dozens and dozens of the cleverest new conceits for spring, in high or low neck styles, to suit your preference; and in all the pretty materials—nets, laces, organdie, etc.—arrive daily.

(Neckwear: Main Floor)



Becoming Middy Dresses for College Girls

There is no garment more becoming or more durable for wear by girls attending High School and college than a Middy dress—and no store shows a more complete array of the best-like styles than does Coulter's.

Middy Dresses

—of white drill, with blue collar and cuffs, trimmed with white braid; and some with navy collars—many of them lacing at the sides; sizes 14 to 20

\$7.50

(Garment Section: Second Floor)

Middy Dresses

—in navy serge of good quality; a very dark shade, trimmed with white braid, and some with navy collars—many of them lacing at the sides; sizes 14 to 20

\$20

(Garment Section: Second Floor)

For Stout Women

—a new line of suits in navy, Copen, poplin or gabardine and serges; gray or brown mixtures; sizes 42 to 47.

\$25 to \$37.50.

For Stout Women

—a new line of suits in navy, Copen, poplin or gabardine and serges; gray or brown mixtures; sizes 42 to 47.

\$25 to \$37.50.

The Colored Goods

—include Crepe Voiles, in white and colored grounds, with dots and figures in the prettiest colors; 36-inch width, 50c yard.

New Cobweb Voiles—white grounds with fancy and plain stripes in the new colors; 36-inch width, 50c.

New Crepes—in white and colored grounds with stripes, checks, Roman stripes, plaids and embroidered figures, at 20c, 25c and 35c yard.

New Grenadiers—Marquises and crochet weaves in silk and cotton mixed, with pretty colored designs; 40 inches wide, \$1 yard.

This Year's Imported and American Wash Goods Are All at Coulter's Now

And the array is the best we have assembled in years! which is saying a great deal for this popular section. You will be delighted at the ease with which you may look over assortments here—they are all displayed on counters and showcases for pleasurable selection:

The White Goods

—number new plain, striped, checked and fancy weaves in sheer, medium and heavy materials, with embroidered dots and figures; also allover embroidered goods, in widths from 27 to 45 inches, and at prices from 15c to \$3 a yard—with many of the medium priced.

New Voiles—in plain, self striped, shadow striped, shadow checked, fancy weaves, crepes and embroidered effects, widths 27 to 46 inches, at 25c to \$2 a yd.

New Piques—in white; 27 and 36 ins. wide; fine, medium and wide cords, at 25c, 35c and 50c a yard.

Crepe Envelope Chemise

—include Crepe Voiles, in white and colored grounds, with dots and figures in the prettiest colors; 36-inch width, 50c yard.

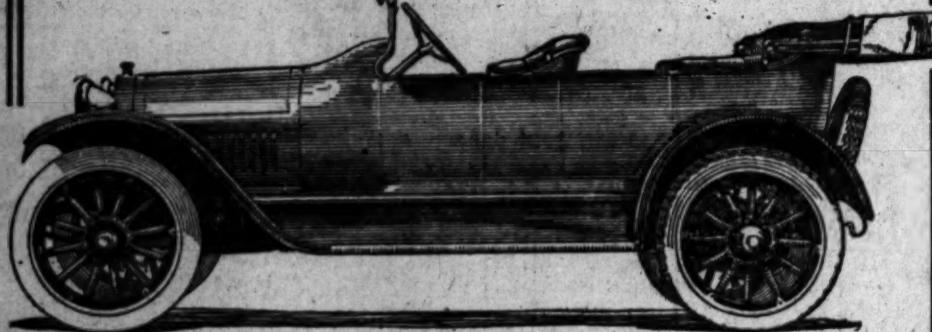
Envelope Chemise

—made in France, \$1.25 and \$1.50; \$1.50 and \$1.75; \$1.75 and \$2.00; \$2.00 and \$2.25; \$2.25 and \$2.50; \$2.50 and \$3.00; \$3.00 and \$3.50; \$3.50 and \$4.00; \$4.00 and \$4.50; \$4.50 and \$5.00; \$5.00 and \$5.50; \$5.50 and \$6.00; \$6.00 and \$6.50; \$6.50 and \$7.00; \$7.00 and \$7.50; \$7.50 and \$8.00; \$8.00 and \$8.50; \$8.50 and \$9.00; \$9.00 and \$9.50; \$9.50 and \$10.00; \$10.00 and \$10.50; \$10.50 and \$11

BE AN OPTIMIST
BUY NOW

GRAND PRIZE PAIGE "36"

Five Passenger, Touring Car. Regular Price \$1175.00, F. O. B., Los Angeles



DESCRIPTION—Big, roomy, Five-Passenger Touring car with latest fashions. Stream line body, crown fender design. Left side drive, center entrance door with the large new Gray and Davis electric starting and lighting system. Driver's high-backed seat, leather top, tonneau seat, easily holding three people. Altogether the sturdiest and most consistent of light cars.

CAR ON EXHIBITION AT THE SALESROOMS OF THE AGENCY

Don Lee
12th and Main Sts.

FIRST PRIZE—DISTRICT No. 1

A Wellington Piano
STYLE B.



DESCRIPTION

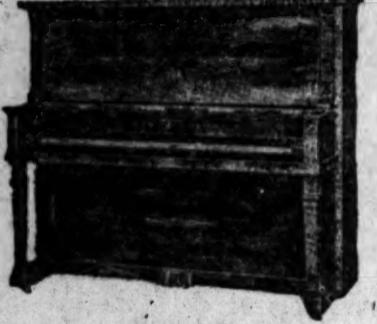
Three strings and over-strung base; ivory keys; seven and one-third octaves; three pedals; solid wood case; dark finish; polished with continuous rings; double veneered case; finished in mahogany or oak, highly polished. Height 55 inches, length 64, width 27 inches.

ON DISPLAY AT

THE WILEY B. ALLEN CO.
416 South Broadway

FIRST PRIZE—DISTRICT No. 2

J. Taber Fitzgerald Piano
STYLE COLONIAL GRAND



DESCRIPTION

Specially designed for trichord case of seven and one-third octaves; overstrung; double veneered tone effects; overstringing base; genuine Poehmann concert grand strings strung throughout entire case; piano keys full size; case in solid mahogany and west plank; double veneered hardwood case of new and original Colonial design with solid Mahogany floor. Height 55 inches, width 64, depth 25 inches.

ON DISPLAY AT

The Fitzgerald Piano Co.
Tenth and Broadway

SECOND GRAND PRIZE

A Most Desirable \$800.00

RESIDENTIAL LOT

Purchased from the

McCARTHY COMPANY
609 SOUTH HILL STREET

Located in the Beautiful, Sunny

Florence Heights Tract

Splendid Elevation
Beautiful View

Attractive Surroundings
Excellent Car Service

FIRST PRIZE—DISTRICT No. 3

A Fairbanks Piano
STYLE B.



DESCRIPTION

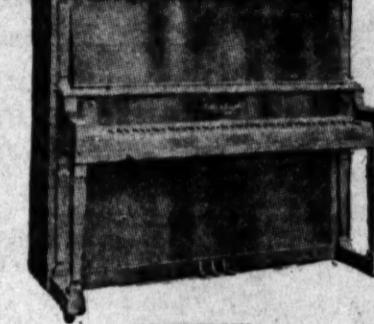
Built especially for the Southern California Music Company, for this climate and warms up to play. Case is mahogany and has a full metal plate, copper bound base, strings and brass steel tuning pins set in rock maple. Original hammering of sound board and warm tone not to each other so as to give thin tone; brass frame in action prevents it warming up in machinery.

ON DISPLAY AT

The Southern California Music
Company
332 South Broadway

FIRST PRIZE—DISTRICT No. 4

A Kohler and Campbell Piano
STYLE B.



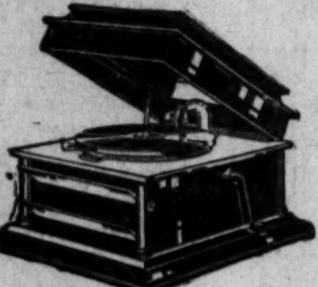
DESCRIPTION

Seven and one-third octaves; full composite metal frame from front to bottom; brass pedals and brass trim throughout; improved original case; three strings to a note; double regulation action; 100% mahogany; 5' 10" full length music desk. Furnished in Mahogany, Burled Walnut or Quarter-sawn Oak. Burled Walnut or Quarter-sawn Oak.

ON DISPLAY AT

The Bartlett Music Company
231 South Broadway

FIFTH PRIZES
DISTRICTS NO. 1, 2, 3 and 4.
Grafonola—The "Favorite"—\$50.



DESCRIPTION
CABINET—Mahogany or Quartered Oak.
MEASUREMENTS—15 1/2 inches square at the base and 13 inches high.

MOTOR—Powerful, triple-spring, drive motor.

TONE—The tone and volume of the "Favorite" is unexceptionable.

ON DISPLAY AT

WILEY B. ALLEN'S
416 South Broadway.

SIXTH PRIZES
Districts No. 1 and 2
VICTROLA \$25



DESCRIPTION
CABINET—Oak.
METAL FINISH—All metal parts nickel plated.

MOTOR—Extra heavy double spring, spiral drive motor (can be wound while playing).

TONE—Control—Victor tapering tone-arm and "gooseneck" sound box tube, brake, speed regulator and indicator.

ON DISPLAY AT

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
MUSIC COMPANY
334 South Broadway
AND AT THE PASADENA STORE.

SIXTH PRIZES
Districts No. 3 and 4
Grafonola—The Eclipse—\$25



DESCRIPTION
CABINET—Mahogany or quartered golden oak.
MEASUREMENTS—15 1/2 inches wide and 16 inches deep.

MOTOR—Heavy nickel plated metal parts.

MOTOR—Two-spring drive, non-varying, non-vibrating. Plays three records with one.

ON DISPLAY AT

COLYEAR'S
507 S. MAIN ST.

Attention

For Information
About

This
Contest

Phone or Write to

The Trade
Contest Dept.

Suburban Co-operating Retailers

PASADENA

Walter's Bakery, 400 E. Colorado St.

Modern Pharmacy, 44 E. Colorado St. and 1267 N. Fair

Orange St.

Enterprise Hardware Co., 43 E. Colorado St.

Chaffee's Basket Groceries and Meat Markets,

426 E. Colorado St., 1333 N. Fair Oaks, 77 B. Fair

Orchard, 122 E. Colorado St., 1263 N. Fair Oaks.

"The Boys' Shop," Young Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats

and Furnishings, 21 E. Colorado St.

Carl Rude, Dry Goods and House Furnishings, 1245 N.

Fair Oaks.

H. J. Webb, Feed, Fuel and Black Diamond Coal, Phone

Colorado 350; 141 N. Raymond.

ON DISPLAY AT

WILEY B. ALLEN'S
416 South Broadway.

Cash Sales Slips From the Following Retailers Have a Credit Value of One Credit for

Co-operating
Retailers

Los Angeles

OCEAN PARK, VENICE AND SANTA MONICA

Pacific Coast Meat Market, Cor. Ashland and Main and 11th and Ave., Ocean Park.

Knickerbocker Stores, Groceries, Tea and Coffees, 1435 3rd St., Santa Monica; 147 Pier Ave., Ocean Park; 1815 Trolley Way, Venice.

Venice Drug Store, Windward Ave., and Ocean Front, Venice.

WHITEHORN

Adams Drug Store, Drugs and Stationery, 104 S. Greenleaf St.

Farmers Hardware and Paints Co., 109 S. Greenleaf St.

Borden's Cash Market, 108 E. Philadelphia St.

Enterprise Grocery, 107 S. Greenleaf St.

McGee's Dry Goods and Furnishings, 580 W. Broadway.

Glendale Dry Goods and Furnishings, 108 S. Broadway.

Globe Hardware, Drapery, Paints and Diamond

Tires, 621 W. Broadway.

Hoffman's Cash Grocery, 230 N. Citrus Ave.

Long Beach

Curtis & Clark, Groceries, Booth, Vaughn, Men's and Boys' Clothing, 234 W. 2nd St.

Geo. S. Funk & Co., Dry Goods, 106 S. Broadway.

P. C. Grogan, Drapery, 108 S. Broadway.

C. G. Hall Hardware House, 230 N. Citrus Ave.

Henry Hall Hardware House, 230 N. Citrus Ave.

Chaffee's Cash Grocery, 418 S. Myrtle St.

S. A. Schilling, Monrovia, Dry Goods and Shoes.

FULLERTON

W. R. Collis, Dry Goods, Clothing and Shoes, 105 N.

Spadra, 105 N. Main St.

Dean Hardware Co., Hardware, Stoves and Paints.

Linn Cline & Co., Groceries, Fruits and Vegetables.

AZURA

Chaffee's Cash Grocery, 728 Azusa Ave.

Meier Bros., Hardware and Implements.

LAMANDA PARK

Chaffee's Cash Grocery, Vanderhoof Blvd.

Lamanda Park Pharmacy, Drugs, Stationery and Cigars.

CLENDALE

McGee's Dry Goods and Furnishings, 580 W. Broadway.

Glendale Dry Goods and Furnishings, 108 S. Broadway.

Globe Hardware, Drapery, Paints and Diamond

Tires, 621 W. Broadway.

HOLLYWOOD

Presser & Doster, Groceries, 600 W. Hollywood Blvd.

Gro. Lino, Dry Goods and Notions, 6510 Hollywood Blvd.

Wright Hardware Co., 6405 Hollywood Boulevard.

REDONDO

J. A. Seagert & Co., Groceries, 120 N. Pacific Ave.

Geo. S. Funk & Co., Dry Goods, Paints and Electric Supplies, 108 S. Pacific Ave.

P. C. Grogan, Drapery, Ladies "Ready to Wear" Garments and Shoes, 108 S. Pacific Ave.

O. P. Brady, Druggist, "The Red Store."

S. B. Clem, "The Redondo Gem Co.," Curios and Post Cards, 3 Pavilion Blvd.

SOUTH PASADENA

The Live Hardware Co., Hardware and Paints, 1017 Mis-

sion St.

Randall Dry Goods Store, Dry Goods and Men's

Furnishings, 1015 Mission St.

B. M. Weaver Pharmacy, Drugs & Stationery, 1001 Mis-

sion St.

Chaffee's Basket Groceries and Meat Markets, 1012 Mis-

sion St. and 1519 Mission St.

UPLAND

Upland Hardware Co., Hardware and Paints.

Upland Pharmacy, "The Medicine Man" at "The Upland Pharmacy."

Pioneer Meat Market.

Green & Co., Groceries.

ONTARIO

Frank Shumate, Groceries, 128 N. Euclid Ave.

LaBrier's Drug Store, "The Rexall Store," 106 N. Euclid

Theaters and Towns South of Tehachepi's Top—Los Angeles County News.

TO ASK
BELGIAN AID.King's Surgeon to
Meet Pandemans.to Reception to
Noted Guests.Park Woman Blows
of Her Fingers.

COMMUNION!

London Chronicle: His

William IV disliked Bucking-

ton is shown by a passage

of Lord Brougham.

Five Commissioner of Works

when the House of Commons

burned down. Two years after

James' and saw His Majes-

ty was much affected

calmly, gathered

the room

portion of getting rid of

him Palace; said he

had a permanent gift for

Parliament.

Europe. At 2 o'clock the

Queen and all went over

to address a reception will

the honor of the distinguished

a permanent gift! Mind

not only holds an en-

position among the

Europe, but he also

is president of the Inter-

Year of Service, which

Buckingham Palace. Just

long into his carriage to him

"Mind? I mean Buckingham

a permanent gift? Mind

Buckingham Palace.

Languages of Swiss

[London Chronicle]

French and German

spoken

tours

caught others by the

to spend some time

the Belgians Red Cross

invitations have been

been given to the

the afternoon. Mrs.

of No. 1277 South

De Page is

for many years,

returning

last summer,

as he has given most all

the sufferers of the

BROWN OFF. C.

a permanent

V. B. W.

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

66 WITH

THE LAW

AT EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mata, Today and Sat., 25c.

Entertainments

ESTIC THEATER—

Week of Henry W. S.

WOMAN

Tuesday Matinees, 10c to 11c

RE

March 15, Selwyn &

WITH

H. B. W.

Irving, Rita Stanwood, Frank

Koch

NK Theater

TO

INE Today

CITRUS MARKET

EXPORTS SOAR IN JANUARY.

Sixty-two Millions
More than Year Ago.

Exports are not Confined
to War Supplies Alone.

Country Benefits in
Time of Prosperity.

BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Marked
in exports of manufactures
in every description during the
January were announced to
the Department of Com-

merce. January exports were
shown to be up 36%.

TANGERINES—HALF

Orchard—Broncho—
Robusta—Pinnacle.

BLOODS—HALF

Red Globe—Laurel—
Princes.

LEMONS—NAVELS.

Biaito Boy, Biaito Y. Co.

Blue Bazaar, O. K. Ex.

Gold Buckle, H. Ex.

Cosmos, O. S. Ex.

TAKEAWAY—HALF

Orchard—Broncho—
Robusta—Pinnacle.

BLOODS—HALF

Red Globe—Laurel—
Princes.

LEMONS—NAVELS.

Biaito Boy, Biaito Y. Co.

Blue Bazaar, O. K. Ex.

Gold Buckle, H. Ex.

Cosmos, O. S. Ex.

NAVELS.

Blue—NAVELS.

NAVELS.

The Public Service.

At the City Hall.

MEASURED TALK
THE NEW RULE.BUSINESS PHONE RATES WILL
BE BASED ON METERS.Board of Public Utilities Notices
Two Companies of Pending Action
in Making Rates—Sanitary
Sewer to be Paid for on Frontage
Water Consumption.

In fixing telephone rates for the coming year, the Board of Public Utilities yesterday served notice to the two telephone companies that rates for business telephones will be based upon measured service.

A resolution was passed by the board and copies were sent at once to the Home Telephone Company and the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company.

The action of the board was taken, said President Lane, when it was learned that the city's utility commission had outlined no policy in the matter of fixing telephone rates. A letter of inquiry was sent to the State commission asking what its policy would be and the reply which came yesterday was that the State Public Utilities Commission that it had full jurisdiction and could do quite as it pleased in the matter.

The resolution of the board is as follows:

"Resolved, That the Board of Public Utilities of the City of Los Angeles favor measured service for business telephones for the Los Angeles exchanges of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company during the month of March, and that both companies be so notified.

The Board of Public Utilities had informed the State Railroad Commission that it did not want to proceed with the fixing of telephone rates at this time, as it was to be determined in the method of rate fixing by the State body.

The State Railroad Commission is not in a position to direct any other rate-fixing body in the matter, as it has no information concerning measured service upon which to justify such action.

The City Council yesterday formally adopted a resolution calling for the submission of the question to the people at the election of June 10, of whether or not they want the Council to refuse to authorize more than one telephone system to do business in Los Angeles on and after November 29, 1913, the date of the expiration of the Sunset company's franchise.

INNOVATION.

PAY FOR WATER POURED IN.

An assessment for the new Maple Avenue sanitary sewer, based upon the amount of water used by abutting property owners, will be levied in making assessments for improvements which the City Council virtually confirmed, with slight readjustments, at a protest hearing yesterday.

Pending the readjustments, the Council postponed a final vote on a measure to be taken next Wednesday, making assessments of \$5,954 against abutting property from Seventh to Washington on Maple.

Several property owners protested yesterday at the unfairness of the assessment, in some particulars, and slight concessions were made, but in the main the assessment was arranged by the assessment bureau was adopted.

Assessment Clerk Ladd informed the Council that the basis for the novel assessment is the usage to which the sanitary sewer will be put by those connecting with it. The basis of calculation was 10,000 inches of water per month.

Daily City Attorney Houghton advised the Council to make readjustments in the assessment before final action was taken in order to obviate legal difficulties later. Councilman Clegg asked for the opinion of the City Attorney as to the legality of the assessment procedure, and this will be forthcoming.

WHY IT IS THUS?

WATER BOARD TO BE QUIZZED.

The Public Service Committee of the Council yesterday called upon the Public Service Commission to explain why the city has not acquired the Greater Los Angeles Water Company and the Windsor Water Company. The action was taken when Attorney H. S. McCallum appeared before the committee yesterday and announced that both of these companies which operate in the southern part of the city, are willing and have been willing for more than a year to dispose of their properties to the city. He said that they had submitted propositions to the Public Service Commission, but that nothing was done.

The Greater Los Angeles Company has 400 service connections and the Windsor company has 700 connections. Mr. McCallum stated that the people south of Balsam avenue are complaining that they are not getting enough water from these companies. He said that without spending a dollar the city can acquire these two systems.

WATER BOARD PICK-UPS.

At the next meeting of the Board of Park Commissioners action will be taken on the suggestion to move the headquarters of the board from Exposition Park to the old Normal School building.

The Board of Public Utilities yesterday adopted a rule that only a portion of information furnished by public utilities will be open to public inspection. This is the first step made after the provisions of the State Public Utility Act to protect one utility from a competitor, both of whom may file information with the board.

The City Council yesterday adopted a resolution for the improvement of Oakwood avenue, from Virgil to Juanita avenues.

The Council yesterday granted a permit to the Pacific Electric to construct a double spur track on Central avenue, from the old Wells Fargo building at the north end of the new Southern Pacific Station.

The City Engineer was instructed yesterday to make a map of an assessment district for the opening of Central avenue from First to Jackson, and Fountain avenue from Park to Western avenue.

PATENT OFFICE
FIRM ON REEF.TEN THOUSAND PROFITS HELD
OUT, IS CHARGE.

Former Partner Accused of Inaccuracy in Keeping Accounts, of Concealing the Books and Locking the Door—Fraud Alleged and Retaliation is Wanted.

The patent-office business conducted by Henry T. Hazard and Edmund A. Straus has become the subject of litigation. Yesterday Mr. Hazard filed suit against Mr. Straus, asking for an accounting and the appointment of a receiver.

The partnership was organized January 1, 1907. Offices were at No. 639 Citizens National Bank building. Later the partnership agreement was modified. It was agreed, according to the complaint, that Mr. Hazard should be relieved from labor incident to the office record of the business. Mr. Straus' rate was \$60 a month, and the profits of the business, after deducting the \$100 and expenses to be equally divided between the partners.

There was a further modification in 1910. Instead of \$100 a month, Mr. Straus was to take one-third of the net profits. Now Mr. Hazard alleges Mr. Straus failed to record a true statement of the receipts and disbursements of the concern. Inaccuracies are charged. It is alleged that the partnership split expenses for the year ended December 31, 1911, excessive expenses, a net sum approximating \$17,000, which Mr. Hazard says Mr. Straus received and that no part was paid to himself except \$2,946.50. He alleges there is now due him \$10,000.

Mr. Hazard complains that Mr. Straus will not allow him to inspect the books. January 4, last, he says, the books were secreted and he was told they had been stolen. Later it was learned that the books were in Mr. Straus' safe.

He had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.

They knew there had been a misunderstanding, but they were too polite to ask questions. Mrs. Bethards stayed at the Wilkinson home three weeks.

"You can find it in the complaint," said Mr. Hazard, "that the notorious people of Mrs. Bethards was her explanation why she left her husband Mr. Bethards, a banker, said he married Grace Bethards, July 22, 1906. On July 31, 1913, she came down to the office of Mr. and Mrs. Hazards, Wilkinson, and told them she had some work to do and she returned home. When he reached the house, the door was gone and her belongings as well. It transpired that she was to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Wilkinson, 1122 S. Main.